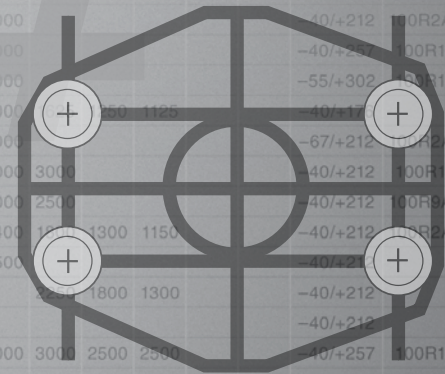




*Technical*

TECHNICAL

Comprehensive information that helps you connect with the right hose and fittings. Visit [www.parkerhose.com](http://www.parkerhose.com) for the latest technical data.



Before You **SPEC** it,

**S** **T** **A** **M** **P** **it.**

Size

Temperature

Application

Media

Pressure

EN

UHG



SAE

ISO

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# Size

## Flow capacity nomogram

### Flow Capacities of Parker Hose at Recommended Flow Velocities

The chart below is provided as an aid in the determination of the correct hose size.

**Example:** at 10 gallons per minute (gal/min), what is the proper hose size within the recommended velocity range for pressure lines?

Locate 10 gallons per minute in the left-hand column and 25 feet per second in the right-hand column (the maximum recommended velocity range for pressure lines). Lay a straight line across these two points. The inside diameter shown in the centre column is above -6 so we have to use -8 (1/2").

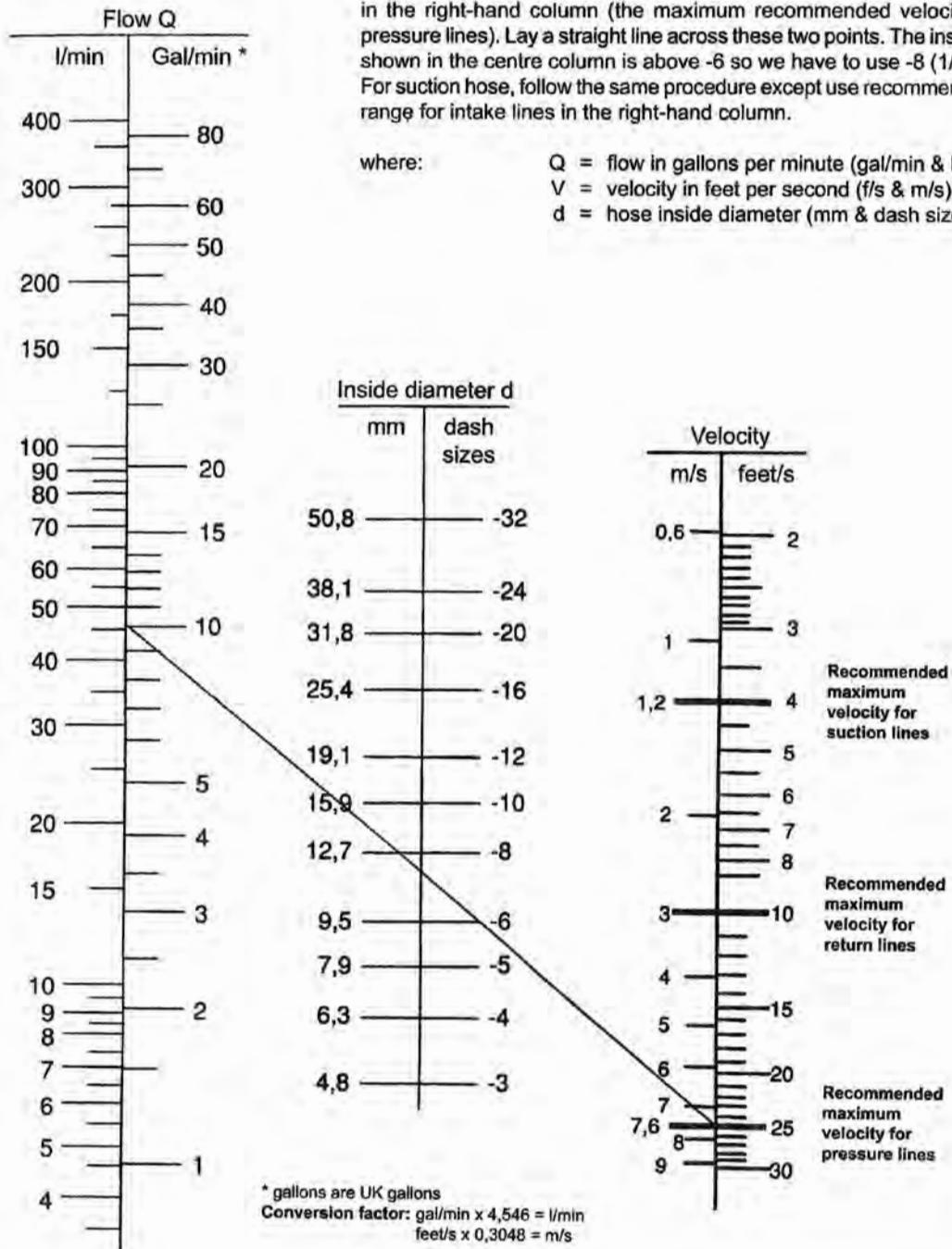
For suction hose, follow the same procedure except use recommended velocity range for intake lines in the right-hand column.

where:

Q = flow in gallons per minute (gal/min & l/min)

V = velocity in feet per second (f/s & m/s)

d = hose inside diameter (mm & dash size)



\* Recommended velocities are according to hydraulic fluids of maximum viscosity 315 S.S.U. at 38°C working at room temperature within 18° and 68°C

Size

Hose Flow Capacities  
Pressure Drop

Hose Dash Size	-04		-05		-06		-08		-10		-12		-16		-20		-24		-32		-40	-48	
Hose I.D. (Inches)	0.19	0.25	0.25	0.31	0.31	0.38	0.41	0.50	0.50	0.63	0.63	0.75	0.88	1.00	1.13	1.25	1.38	1.50	1.81	2.00	2.38	3.00	
↑ U.S. Gallons per Minute ↓	0.25	10.0	3.1	3.1																			
	0.5	19.0	6.0	6.0	2.7	2.7																	
	1	40.0	12.0	12.0	5.5	5.5	2.4																
	2	95.0	24.0	24.0	10.0	10.0	4.8	3.5															
	3	185.0	46.0	46.0	17.0	17.0	7.0	5.0	2.2	2.2													
	4		78.0	78.0	29.0	29.0	12.0	8.0	3.0	3.0	1.2	1.2											
	5		120.0	120.0	44.0	44.0	18.0	12.0	4.5	4.5	1.6	1.6	0.7										
	8				95.0	95.0	39.0	26.0	10.0	10.0	3.6	3.6	1.4	0.6									
	10						59.0	40.0	15.0	15.0	5.7	5.7	2.0	1.0	0.6								
	12						80.0	52.0	20.0	20.0	7.2	7.2	2.6	1.5	0.8	0.4							
	15							75.0	30.0	30.0	10.0	10.0	4.2	2.2	1.2	0.7	0.4						
	18							107.0	40.0	40.0	15.0	15.0	6.3	3.0	1.5	0.7	0.6	0.4					
	20								49.0	49.0	19.0	19.0	8.0	3.4	2.0	1.1	0.7	0.4	0.3				
	25								72.0	72.0	26.0	26.0	11.0	5.5	3.0	1.6	1.0	0.6	0.4	0.2			
	30										34.0	34.0	14.0	7.0	3.6	2.2	1.3	0.8	0.5	0.2	0.1		
	35										47.0	47.0	19.0	9.5	5.0	2.8	1.7	1.1	0.7	0.3	0.2		
	40												25.0	12.0	6.5	3.4	2.2	1.4	0.9	0.4	0.2		
	50												36.0	17.0	9.0	5.3	3.3	2.0	1.3	0.5	0.4	0.2	
	60												50.0	23.0	12.0	7.5	4.4	2.8	1.8	0.8	0.5	0.2	
	70													31.0	17.0	9.3	6.0	3.8	2.4	1.0	0.7	0.3	
	80													38.0	21.0	12.0	7.1	4.6	3.0	1.2	0.8	0.3	0.1
	90													49.0	27.0	15.0	9.0	5.9	3.8	1.5	1.0	0.5	0.1
	100														33.0	19.0	12.0	7.0	4.7	1.9	1.3	0.6	0.2
150														60.0	36.0	22.0	13.0	8.5	3.4	2.2	1.0	0.3	
200																36.0	23.0	15.0	6.0	3.9	1.7	0.6	
250																54.0	33.0	22.0	8.5	5.3	2.5	0.8	
300																	45.0	29.0	12.0	7.5	4.0	1.1	
400																		51.0	21.0	14.0	6.5	2.2	
500																			32.0	20.0	10.0	3.0	
800																					18.0	5.0	
1000																						10.0	

Pressure drop in psi (pounds per square inch) per 10 feet of hose (smooth bore) without fittings.

Fluid specification: Specific gravity = 0.85; Viscosity =  $\nu$  = 20 centistokes (C.S.), (20 C.S. = 97 S.S.U.)

Pressure drop values listed are typical of many petroleum based hydraulic oils at approximately +100°F (+38°C). Differences in fluids, fluid temperature and viscosity can increase or decrease actual pressure drop compared to the values listed.

# Temperature

## Temperature / Pressure Chart - 201, 206, 213, and 266 Hose

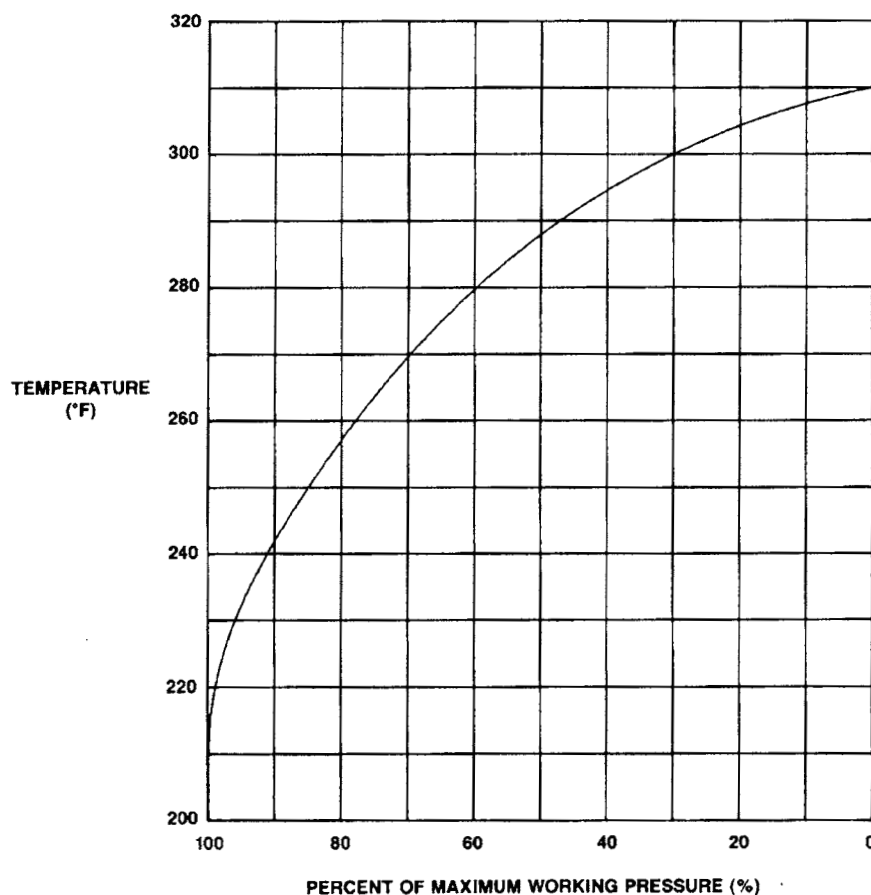
The Temperature / Pressure Chart identifies the effects temperature change has on the maximum working pressure of specific hoses.

### How to use the chart:

- 1st - Identify the Maximum Working Pressure of selected hose.
- 2nd - Identify the maximum working temperature of the application.
- 3rd - Locate point where temperature and Percent of Maximum Working Pressure intersect on the chart.
- 4th - Based on percentage figure, calculate Maximum Working Pressure of the application.

Example: 201-8 hose to be used a 250°F (121°C)

Maximum Working Pressure up to 212°F (100°C)	x	(Multiplier from chart)	=	Maximum Working Pressure at 250°F (121°C)
2,000 psi	x	(85%)	=	1,700 psi

Hose  
**A**Fittings  
**B**Equipment  
**C**Accessories  
**D**Technical  
**E**



# T

## emperature

## Minimum/Maximum Temperature

(Page 1 of 4)

Hose	Petroleum base hydraulic fluids and lubricating oils	Antifreeze solutions	Diesel fuels	SAE J1942 Marine lube oil and diesel fuel systems (Application Code F)**
201*	-40°C to +150°C (-40°F to +302°F)	-40°C to +150°C (-40°F to +302°F)	-40°C to +150°C (-40°F to +302°F)	x
206*	-48°C to +150°C (-55°F to +302°F)	-48°C to +150°C (-55°F to +302°F)	-48°C to +150°C (-55°F to +302°F)	x
213*	-45°C to +150°C (-50°F to +302°F)	-45°C to +150°C (-50°F to +302°F)	-45°C to +150°C (-50°F to +302°F)	x
266*	-48°C to +150°C (-55°F to +302°F)	-48°C to +150°C (-55°F to +302°F)	-48°C to +150°C (-55°F to +302°F)	x
271	x	x	x	x
301	-40°C to +125°C (-40°F to +257°F)	x	x	-40°C to +125°C (-40°F to +257°F)
304	x	x	x	x
341	-40°C to +100°C (-40°F to +212°F)	x	x	-40°C to +100°C (-40°F to +212°F)
372	-40°C to +100°C (-40°F to +212°F)	x	x	x
381	-40°C to +100°C (-40°F to +212°F)	x		x
421	-40°C to +125°C (-40°F to +257°F)	x		-40°C to +125°C (-40°F to +257°F)
426	-6°C to +150°C (-50°F to +302°F)	x	x	-46°C to +150°C (-50°F to +302°F)
431	40°C to +125°C (40°F to +257°F)	x	x	x
436	-48°C to +150°C (-55°F to +302°F)	x	x	x
481	-40°C to +100°C (-40°F to +212°F)	x	x x	x
482		x	x	x
601	-40°C to +125°C (-40°F to +257°F)	x	x	x
611	-40°C to +125°C (40°F to +27°F)	x	x	x
701	-40°C to +100°C (-40°F to +212°F)	x	x	x
731	-40°C to +100°C (-40°F to +212°F)	x	x	x
761	-40°C to +125°C (40°F to +27°F)	x	x	x
774	x	x	x	x
801	-40°C to +10°C (-40°F to +212°F)	-40°C to +100°C (-40°F to +212°F)	x	x
821	-40°C to +100°C (-40°F to +212°F)	-40°C to +100°C (-40°F to +21°F)	x	x
831	-40°C to +100°C (-40°F to +212°F)	-40°C to +100°C (-40°F to +22°F)	x	x
836	-48°C to +150°C (-55°F to +302°F)	-48°C to +150°C (-55°F to +302°F)	x	x
881	-40°C to +125°C (-40°F to +257°F)	x	x	x
221FR	-20°C to +100°C (-4°F to +212°F)	x	-20°C to +100°C (-4°F to +212°F)	-20°C to +100°C (-4°F to +212°F)
301LT	-55°C to +100°C (-67°F to +212°F)	x	x	x
301MH	-40°C to +125°C (-40°F to +257°F)	x	x	-40°C to +125°C (-40°F to +257°F)
351ST	-40°C to +100°C (-40°F to +212°F)	x	x	x
421FS	-40°C to +125°C (-40°F to +257°F)	x	x	-40°C to +125°C (-40°F to +257°F)
421SN	-40°C to +125°C (-40°F to +257°F)	x	x	-40°C to +125°C (-40°F to +257°F)
421WC	-40°C to +125°C (-40°F to +257°F)	x	x	x

\* The maximum working pressures for these hoses are reduced at temperatures above +212°F (+100°C). Consult the pressure/temperature curve on E-5 for the reduced maximum working pressure.

\*\* Maximum service pressure for lube oil and fuel systems applications (Code F) may be less than maximum service pressure for other systems applications, e.g., Code H. Refer to individual hose listings in Section A and Hose Assemblies List, SAE J1942/1 or HPD Approval Bulletin #APR-004.

\*\*\* For Mining hoses contact Technical Services on 02 9842 5822

# T

## emperature

## Minimum/Maximum Temperature

(Page 2 of 4)

Hose	Petroleum base hydraulic fluids and lubricating oils	Antifreeze solutions	Diesel fuels	SAE J1942 Marine lube oil and diesel fuel systems (Application Code F)**
451TC	-40°C to +100°C (-40°F to +212°F)	x	x	x
471ST	-40°C to +100°C (-40°F to +212°F)	x	x	x
472TC	-40°C to +100°C (-40°F to +212°F)	x	x	x
721TC	-40°C to +125°C (-40°F to +257°F)	x	x	x
772TC	-40°C to +125°C (-40°F to +257°F)	x	x	x
782ST	-40°C to +125°C (-40°F to +257°F)	x	x	x
791TC	-40°C to +125°C (-40°F to +257°F)	x	x	x
811HT	-46°C to +125°C (-50°F to +257°F)	x	x	x
821FR	-40°C to +100°C (-40°F to +212°F)	-40°C to +100°C (-40°F to +212°F)	x	x
CM2HP	-40°C to +100°C (-40°F to +212°F)			
CM4SHP	-40°C to +100°C (-40°F to +212°F)			
CM4TC	-40°C to +125°C (-40°F to +257°F)	x	x	x
CMR	-40°C to +82°C (-40°F to +180°F)			
JK	-40°C to +49°C (-40°F to +120°F)			
P35	-40°C to +125°C (-40°F to +257°F)	x	x	x
R42	-40°C to +100°C (-40°F to +212°F)			

\* The maximum working pressures for these hoses are reduced at temperatures above +212°F (+100°C). Consult the pressure/temperature curve on E-5 for the reduced maximum working pressure.

\*\* Maximum service pressure for lube oil and fuel systems applications (Code F) may be less than maximum service pressure for other systems applications, e.g., Code H. Refer to individual hose listings in Section A and Hose Assemblies List, SAE J1942/1 or HPD Approval Bulletin #APR-004.

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Hose  
**A**

Fittings  
**B**

Equipment  
**C**

Accessories  
**D**

Technical  
**E**

# Temperature

## Minimum/Maximum Temperature

(Page 3 of 4)

Hose	Air	Water, water/oil emulsion	Water/glycol hydraulic	Water	Phosphate ester fluids	Polyol ester fluids
201*	+70°C (+158°F)	+85°C (+185°F)	+85°C (+185°F)	+85°C (+185°F)	x	x
206*	+100°C (+212°F)	+85°C (+185°F)	+85°C (+185°F)	+85°C (+185°F)	x	x
213*	+100°C (+212°F)	+85°C (+185°F)	+85°C (+185°F)	+85°C (+185°F)	x	x
266	+93°C (+200°F)	+85°C (+185°F)	+85°C (+185°F)	+85°C (+185°F)	x	x
271	100°C (212°F)	x	x	x	x	x
301	+70°C (+158°F)	+85°C (+185°F)	+85°C (+185°F)	+85°C (+185°F)	x	x
304	+70°C (+158°F)	x	+85°C (+185°F)	+85°C (+185°F)	-40°C to +80°C (-40°F to +176°F)	x
341	+70°C (+158°F)	+85°C (+185°F)	+85°C (+185°F)	+85°C (+185°F)	x	x
381	+70°C (+158°F)	+85°C (+185°F)	+85°C (+185°F)	+85°C (+185°F)	x	+65°C (+150°F)
421	+70°C (+158°F)	+85°C (+185°F)	+85°C (+185°F)	+85°C (+185°F)	x	x
426	+70°C (+158°F)	+85°C (+185°F)	+85°C (+185°F)	+85°C (+185°F)	x	x
431	+70°C (+158°F)	+85°C (+185°F)	+85°C (+185°F)	+85°C (+185°F)	x	x
436	+70°C (+158°F)	+85°C (+185°F)	+85°C (+185°F)	+85°C (+185°F)	x	x
481	+70°C (+158°F)	+85°C (+185°F)	+85°C (+185°F)	+85°C (+185°F)	x	x
482	x	x	x	UP TO 93°C (+200°)	x	x
601	+70°C (+158°F)	+85°C (+185°F)	+85°C (+185°F)	+85°C (+185°F)	x	x
611	+70°C (+158°F)	+85°C (+185°F)	+85°C (+185°F)	+85°C (+185°F)	x	x
701	+70°C (+158°F)	+85°C (+185°F)	+85°C (+185°F)	+85°C (+185°F)	x	x
731	+70°C (+158°F)	+85°C (+185°F)	+85°C (+185°F)	+85°C (+185°F)	x	x
761	+70°C (+158°F)	+85°C (+185°F)	+85°C (+185°F)	+85°C (+185°F)	x	x
774	+70°C (+158°F)	x	+85°C (+185°F)	+85°C (+185°F)	-40°C to +80°C (-40°F to +176°F)	x
801	+70°C (+158°F)	+85°C (+185°F)	+85°C (+185°F)	+85°C (+185°F)	x	x
821	+70°C (+158°F)	+85°C (+185°F)	+85°C (+185°F)	+85°C (+185°F)	x	x
831	+70°C (+158°F)	+85°C (+185°F)	+85°C (+185°F)	+85°C (+185°F)	x	+50°C (+122°F)
836	+100°C (+212°F)	+85°C (+185°F)	+85°C (+185°F)	+85°C (+185°F)	x	x
881	+70°C (+158°F)	+85°C (+185°F)	+85°C (+185°F)	+85°C (+185°F)	x	x
221FR	+70°C (+158°F)	+85°C (+185°F)	+85°C (+185°F)	+85°C (+185°F)	x	x
301LT	+70°C (+158°F)	+85°C (+185°F)	+85°C (+185°F)	+85°C (+185°F)	x	x
301MH	+70°C (+158°F)	+85°C (+185°F)	+85°C (+185°F)	+85°C (+185°F)	x	x
351ST	+70°C (+158°F)	+85°C (+185°F)	+85°C (+185°F)	+85°C (+185°F)	x	x
421FS	+70°C (+158°F)	+85°C (+185°F)	+85°C (+185°F)	+85°C (+185°F)	x	x
421SN	+70°C (+158°F)	+85°C (+185°F)	+85°C (+185°F)	+85°C (+185°F)	x	x
421WC	+70°C (+158°F)	+85°C (+185°F)	+85°C (+185°F)	+85°C (+185°F)	x	x
451TC	+70°C (+158°F)	+85°C (+185°F)	+85°C (+185°F)	+85°C (+185°F)	x	x

\* The maximum working pressures for these hoses are reduced at temperatures above +212°F (+100°C). Consult the pressure/temperature curve on E-5 for the reduced maximum working pressure.

\*\* Maximum service pressure for lube oil and fuel systems applications (Code F) may be less than maximum service pressure for other systems applications, e.g., Code H. Refer to individual hose listings in Section A and Hose Assemblies List, SAE J1942/1 or HPD Approval Bulletin #APR-004.

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# T

## emperature

## Minimum/Maximum Temperature

(Page 4 of 4)

Hose	Air	Water, water/oil emulsion	Water/glycol hydraulic	Water	Phosphate ester fluids	Polyol ester fluids
471ST	+70°C (+158°F)	+85°C (+185°F)	+85°C (+185°F)	+85°C (+185°F)	x	x
472TC	+70°C (+158°F)	+85°C (+185°F)	+85°C (+185°F)	+85°C (+185°F)	x	+65°C (+150°F)
721TC	+70°C (+158°F)	+85°C (+185°F)	+85°C (+185°F)	+85°C (+185°F)	x	x
772TC	+70°C (+158°F)	+85°C (+185°F)	+85°C (+185°F)	+85°C (+185°F)	x	+65°C (+150°F)
782ST	+70°C (+158°F)	+85°C (+185°F)	+85°C (+185°F)	+85°C (+185°F)	x	+65°C (+150°F)
791TC	+70°C (+158°F)	+85°C (+185°F)	+85°C (+185°F)	+85°C (+185°F)	x	x
811HT	+70°C (+158°F)	+85°C (+185°F)	+85°C (+185°F)	+85°C (+185°F)	x	x
821FR	+100°C (+212°F)	+85°C (+185°F)	+85°C (+185°F)	+85°C (+185°F)	x	x
CM2HP					x	x
CM4SHP					x	x
CM4TC					x	x
CMR					x	x
JK	x	x	x	x	x	x
P35	+70°C (+158°F)	+85°C (+185°F)	+85°C (+185°F)	+85°C (+185°F)	x	x
R42					x	x

\* The maximum working pressures for these hoses are reduced at temperatures above +212°F (+100°C). Consult the pressure/temperature curve on E-5 for the reduced maximum working pressure.

\*\* Maximum service pressure for lube oil and fuel systems applications (Code F) may be less than maximum service pressure for other systems applications, e.g., Code H. Refer to individual hose listings in Section A and Hose Assemblies List, SAE J1942/1 or HPD Approval Bulletin #APR-004.

\*\*\* For Mining hoses contact Technical Services on 02 9842 5822

Hose  
**A**

Fittings  
**B**

Equipment  
**C**

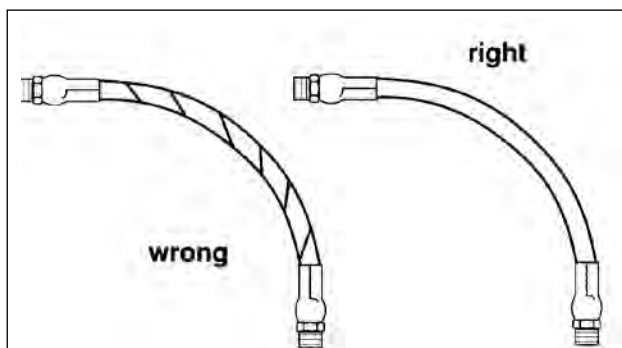
Accessories  
**D**

Technical  
**E**

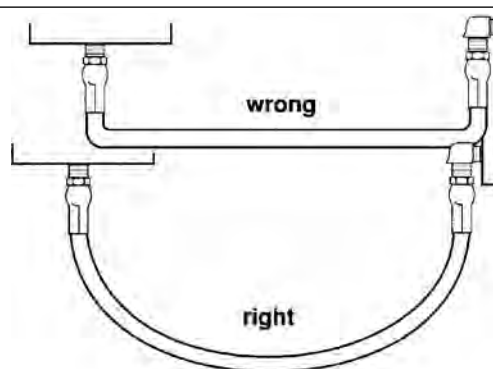
# A

## pplication

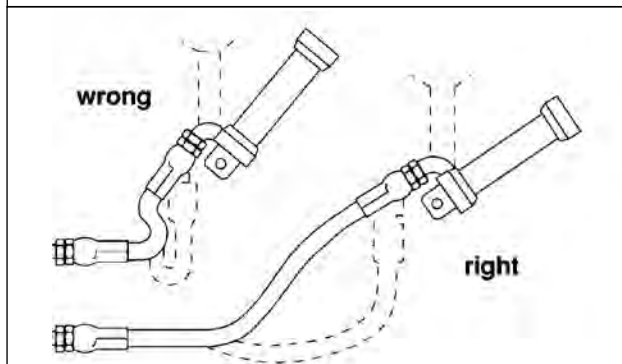
## Hose Installation Tips



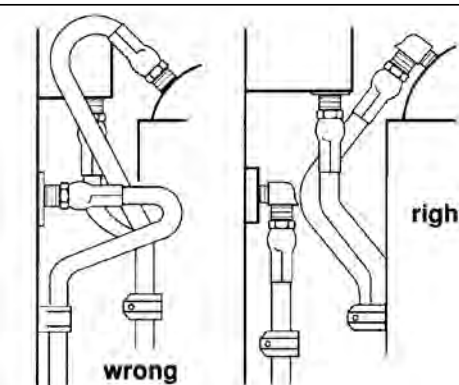
1. Hose is weakened when installed in twisted position. Pressure in twisted hose tends to loosen fitting connections. Design so that machine motion produces bending rather than twisting.



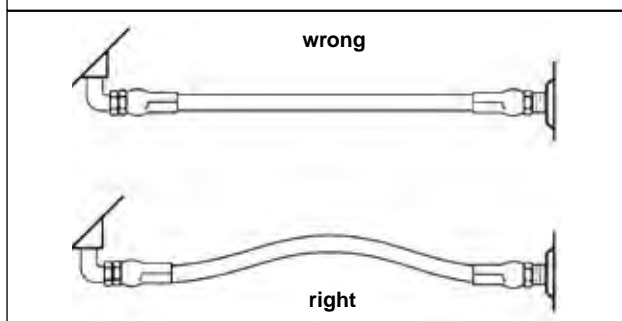
2. Ample bend radius should be provided to avoid collapsing of line and restriction of flow.



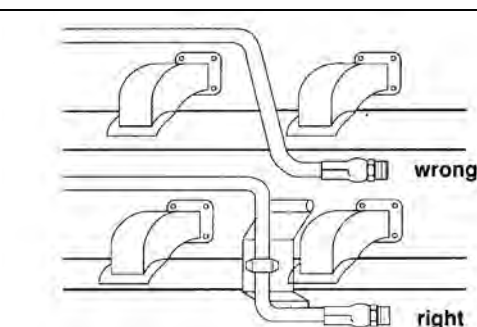
3. Exceeding minimum bend radius will greatly reduce hose assembly life.



4. Use elbows or other adapters as necessary to eliminate excess hose length and to insure neater installation for easier maintenance.



5. When hose assembly is installed in a flexing application, remember that metal hose fittings are not part of the flexible portion. Allow ample free length for flexing.

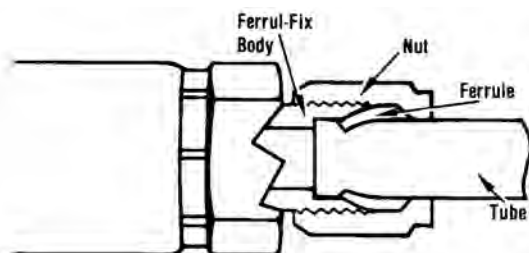


6. When properly routing, use clamps to secure the hose in its proper position.

# A

## pplication

## Ferrule-Fix



### Fast, on-the-job repair for ruptured bent tube hose assemblies and power steering lines.

The life of the combination tube-hose assembly is often limited to the service life of the hose alone. A replacement assembly may not be available, some equipment dealers are unable to stock all of the many odd tube configurations.

Parker FERRUL-FIX, a field attachable, reusable hose end fitting, now makes it possible to salvage the bent tube section of the original assembly for replacement. Most important, it gets you back into operation FAST!

- Gets you back in operation fast - No costly delays while replacement assemblies are rushed from the factory.
- Lets you reuse expensive bent tube ends with Parker Hose fittings - You can replace the hose at a fraction of the cost of complete assembly.

- Eliminates the need for emergency brazing or welding in the field - Ferrul-Fix can be assembled without special tools or equipment when using Parker Reusable Hose fittings.

**3-Piece Design** - Body, nut and ferrule. Wedging action of ferrule, when drawn down by nut, forms seal between body and ferrule, while cutting edge of ferrule "bites" into tube wall forming another positive seal.

**Visible Bite** - Extent of bite at cutting edge of ferrule is completely visible when fitting is dis-assembled, an important safety feature. Self-centering action assures even bite around circumference of tube.

**Parkerized Finish** - Ferrul-Lok fittings have the Parkerized black finish, providing "built-in" lubrication which reduces wrench torque required.

## Ferrul-Fix Installation Instructions



1. Cut the formed tube off squarely next to the permanent hose fitting. Lightly deburr the end of the tube internally and externally.
2. Disassemble the Ferrul-Fix fitting, and lubricate threads and both ends of the ferrule with Parker Ferulube.
3. Slide nut and ferrule onto tubing, with the long, straight end of the ferrule pointing toward the tube end.
4. Insert tube end into the Ferrul-Fix body until it bottoms against the shoulder. Slide ferrule inside body, and screw nut down finger tight.
5. Wrench nut down 1-3/4 turns to preset the ferrule.
6. Disconnect nut and inspect lead edge of ferrule to make certain that the biting edge has turned up a shoulder to a height of at least 50% of the ferrule and completely around the tube.
7. Assemble Ferrul-Fix fitting to hose. Refer to assembly instructions listed in appropriate fittings section. Do not assemble to hose before steps 1-6.
8. Reassemble tubing into Ferrul-Fix end and turn nut down easily until a sudden increase in force is evident. Turn bent tube to proper position if required. Using two wrenches, one on the fitting nipple hex and the other on the nut tighten nut an additional 1/6 turn (one wrench flat).

Hose  
**A**Fittings  
**B**Equipment  
**C**Accessories  
**D**Technical  
**E**

# A

## pplication

## Standards and Specifications

Hose	SAE J517	SAE Other	DOT FMVSS 106	USCG MTH (1)	ISO	DNV (2)	EN	MSHA (3)	German Lloyd	ABS	UL-21 LPG	Other
201	100R5	J1402 All	All									
206	100R5	J1402 All	All									
213		J1402 AI	AI									
221FR (4)		J1527 AI, J1942		HF	ISO 7840			X	X	X		ABYC
266		J1402 All	All									
285		J2064 Type C										
301	100R2AT			HF				X				
301MH	100R2AT							X				
301LT	100R2AT	J1942		H				X				
304												
341	100R9AT	J1942		HF				X				
351ST								X				
372							856-4SP					
381	100R2AT			H	1436 Type 2AT		853-2SN	X				
421	100R1AT			F*,H*,HF*			853-1SN	X				
421FS	100R1AT						853-1SN	X				
421SN	100R1AT						853-1SN	X				
421WC												
426	100R1AT	J1942		HF				X		X		
431	100R16	J1942		H				X				
436	100R16	J1942		H				X		X		
451TC	100R17	J1942		H				X		X		
471ST					ISO 112371 Type 2SC		EN857-Type 2SC	X				
472TC					ISO 11237-1 Type 2SC		EN857-Type 2SC	X				
481	100R1AT			H	1436 Type 1AT	X	853-1SN	X				
482												
601	100R3	J1942		H	ISO 4079-Type R3		EN854-Type R3	X				
611	100R6							X				
701		J1942		H	ISO 3862-1 Type 4SP		EN856-Type 4SP	X	X			
721TC	100R12				ISO 3862-1 Type R12		EN856-Type R12	X				
731		J1942		H	ISO 3862-1 Type 4SH		EN856-Type 4SH	X				
772TC	100R12				ISO 3862-1 Type R12	X	EN856-Type R12	X		X		
774												
782ST	100R13				ISO 3862-1 Type R13		EN856-Type R13	X				
791TC	100R15				ISO 3862-1 Type R15			X				

Continued on next page

# A pplication

## Standards and Specifications

Continued from previous page

Hose	SAE J517	SAE Other	DOT FMVSS 106	USCG MTH (1)	ISO	DNV (2)	EN	MSHA (3)	German Lloyd	ABS	UL-21 LPG	Other
801								X				
821								X				
831								X				
836								X				
811HT	100R4											
821FR												
CM2HP					6805			X				
CM4SHP								X				
CM4TC					3862-1-R13		856-R13	X				
CMR								X				
JK								X				1J100
P35	100R13				ISO 3862-1 Type R13	X	EN856-Type R13	X		X		
R42					3862-1-R15			X				

Hose  
**A**

Fittings  
**B**

Equipment  
**C**

Accessories  
**D**

Technical  
**E**

### Notes:

(1) U.S.C.G./MTH (Marine Technical & Hazardous Materials Branch) hoses, hose assemblies and appropriate fittings meet 46CFR56.60-25(c) for use on commercial vessels. Hoses and hose assemblies meet the requirements of SAE J1942. Hose fittings meet the requirements of SAE J1475.

F = Fuel and lube systems.

H = Hydraulic Systems.

\*Some hoses are accepted for different pressures for F and H. Also, not all sizes are accepted for all applications. See HPD approval bulletin #APR-004 or consult the Parker Hose Products Division, Technical Services Department, for details. The Canadian Coast Guard accepts all hoses accepted by the U.S. Coast Guard.

(2) Det Norske Veritas (DnV) approvals are with permanent (crimp) type fittings only. See HPD Approval Bulletin #APR-006 or consult the Parker Hose Products Division, Technical Services Department, for details.

(3) Hose with MSHA (Mine Safety and Health Administration) approved flame resistant cover will be marked accordingly on the layline.

(4) 221FR is type accepted by Lloyd's Register. It meets the requirements of the American Boat and Yacht council. 221FR is certified to meet the EC Directive 94/25/EC in accordance with ISO 7840.

**For questions on standards and specifications please contact the Hose Products' Technical Services Department at (02) 9842 5822 or visit our website at <http://www.parkerhose.com> and go to the products tab. Click on approvals to find a complete list of updated hose specifications.**

# A pplication

## Standards and Specifications

### JIS - Adapters

JIS B8363 Code	Parker Part Number	Mates with End Configuration
A1	F3T4	FU
A2	F3P4	GU
A3	F63P4	UT
E1	C3T4	FU
E2	C3P4	GU
E3	V3T4	FU
E4	V3P4	GU

Note: See website at [www.Parker/tfd.com](http://www.Parker/tfd.com), Catalog 4300 or call (614) 279-7070 for additional information.

### JIS - Hose Fittings

JIS B8363 Code	Parker End Configuration Code	Fitting Series 43	Fitting Series 70	Fitting Series 71	Fitting Series 73	Fitting Series 78	Fitting Series 79
R	UT	X		X			
F	FU	X		X			
C	GU	X	X	X	X	X	
MF	MU	X		X			
S	15	X	X	X	X	X	
4S	17	X	X	X	X	X	
9S	19	X	X	X	X	X	
H	6A		X	X	X	X	X
4H	6F			X	X	X	X
9H	6N		X	X	X	X	X

Note: Parker Hose Standards are listed on page E-12 and E-13



# A

## pplication

## Assembly Methods

### JIC 37° and SAE 45° Flare

Parker's recommended assembly method for JIC 37° flare and SAE 45° flare is the Flats From Wrench Resistance (FFWR) method. This includes steel as well as other materials.

The torque values assigned by size are for reference only, and are only applicable to Parker system components using the FFWR method with trivalent chromate passivation on zinc plating of carbon steel components without lubrication.

Dash Size	Flats From Wrench Resistance (FFWR)	Swivel Nut Torque	
		Newton Meters (Ref)	Pound Feet (Ref)
-4	2	18	13
-5	2	23	17
-6	1-1/2	30	22
-8	1-1/2	57	42
-10	1-1/2	81	60
-12	1-1/4	114	84
-16	1	160	118
-20	1	228	168
-24	1	265	195
-32	1	360	265

### Seal-Lok®

Parker's recommended assembly method for Seal-Lok® connections is the torque method.

Dash Size	Swivel Nut Torque		Flats From Wrench Resistance (FFWR)
	Newton Meters (+10% / -0)	Pound Feet (+10% / -0)	
-4	25	18	1/2 - 3/4
-6	40	30	1/2 - 3/4
-8	55	40	1/2 - 3/4
-10	80	60	1/2 - 3/4
-12	115	85	1/3 - 1/2
-16	150	110	1/3 - 1/2
-20	205	150	1/3 - 1/2
-24	315	230	1/3 - 1/2
-32	-	-	-

Note: The assembly torques listed are higher than the test torques published in SAE J1453.

### Torque Conversion Equivalents

Torque Conversion Equivalents		
Pound Inch - Pound Foot - Newton Meter		
Pound Foot x 12	=	Pound Inch
Pound Foot x 1.356	=	Newton Meter
Newton Meter x 8.850	=	Pound Inch
Newton Meter x 0.737	=	Pound Foot
Pound Inch x .083	=	Pound Foot
Pound Inch x 0.113	=	Newton Meter

The torque values for other materials are as follows:



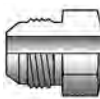





- Brass fittings and adapters - 65% of the torque value for steel.
- Stainless steel, and Monel - Use 5% higher than listed for steel. Threads to be lubricated for these materials.
- Dissimilar metals - use torque value designated for the lower of the two metals.
- All fittings are dry except as noted above.










The Flats From Wrench Resistance (FFWR) and torque values listed above are consistent with the values recommended by Parker Tube Fittings Division (614) 279-7070 or [www.parker.com/tfd](http://www.parker.com/tfd).

# A

## Application

## Thread Guide

								
size	NPTF Pipe Thread Size	SAE (JIC) 37 Flare Thread Size	SAE 45 Flare Thread Size	O-Ring Style Straight Thread Size	SAE Inverted Flare Thread Size	PTT 30 Flare Thread Size	SAE Flare-less Thread Size	Seal-Lok Thread
2	1/8 - 27	5/16 - 24	5/16 - 24	5/16 - 24	-	-	5/16 - 24	-
3	-	3/8 - 24	3/8 - 24	3/8 - 24	-	-	3/8 - 24	-
4	1/4 - 18	7/16 - 20	7/16 - 20	7/16 - 20	7/16 - 24	-	7/16 - 20	9/16 - 18
5	-	1/2 - 20	1/2 - 20	1/2 - 20	1/2 - 20	-	1/2 - 20	-
6	3/8 - 18	9/16 - 18	5/8 - 18	9/16 - 18	5/8 - 18	-	9/16 - 18	11/16 - 16
8	1/2 - 14	3/4 - 16	3/4 - 16	3/4 - 16	3/4 - 18	-	3/4 - 16	13/16 - 16
10	-	7/8 - 14	7/8 - 14	7/8 - 14	7/8 - 18	-	7/8 - 14	1 - 14
12	3/4 - 14	1 1/16 - 12	1 1/6 - 14	1 1/16 - 12	-	-	1 1/16 - 12	1 3/16 - 12
14	-	1 3/16 - 12	-	1 3/16 - 12	-	-	1 3/16 - 12	-
16	1 - 11 1/2	1 5/16 - 12	-	1 5/16 - 12	-	1 5/16 - 14	1 5/16 - 12	1 7/16 - 12
20	1 1/4 - 11 1/2	1 5/8 - 12	-	1 5/8 - 12	-	1 5/8 - 14	1 5/8 - 12	1 11/16 - 12
24	1 1/2 - 11 1/2	1 7/8 - 12	-	1 7/8 - 12	-	1 7/8 - 14	1 7/8 - 12	2 - 12
32	2 - 11 1/2	2 1/2 - 12	-	2 1/2 - 12	-	2 1/2 - 12	2 1/2 - 12	-

									
Fitting Size	DIN "L" Swivel Female Thread Size	DIN "S" Swivel Female Thread Size	DIN "L" Male Stud Thread Size	DIN "S" Male Stud Thread Size	Male BSPP Thread Size	BSP Swivel Female Thread Size	French Swivel Female Gaz Series	French Swivel Female Metric Series	French Male Stud Metric Series
4	-	-	-	-	1/4x19	1/4x19	--	-	-
6	M12x1,5	M14x1,5	M12x1,5	M14x1,5	3/8x19	3/8x19	-	M12x1	-
8	M14x1,5	M16x1,5	M14x1,5	M16x1,5	1/2x14	1/2x14	-	M14x1,5	-
10	M16x1,5	M18x1,5	M16x1,5	M18x1,5	5/8x14	5/8x14	-	M16x1,5	-
12	M18x1,5	M20x1,5	M18x1,5	M20x1,5	3/4x14	3/4x14	-	M18x1,5	-
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	M20x1,5	-	-
14	-	M22x1,5	-	M22x1,5	-	-	-	M20x1,5	-
15	M22x1,5	-	M22x1,5	-	-	-	-	M22x1,5	-
16	-	M24x1,5	-	M24x1,5	1x11	1x 11	-	M24x1,5	-
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	M24x1,5	-	-
18	M26x1,5	-	M26x1,5	-	-	-	-	M27x1,5	-
20	-	M30x2	-	M30x2	1 1/4x11	1 1/4x11	-	M27x1,5	-
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	M30x 1,5	-	-
22	M30x2	-	M30x2	-	-	-	-	M30x1,5	-
25	-	M36x2	-	M36x2	1 1/2x11	1 1/2x11	-	M33x1,5	-
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	M36x1,5	-	-
28	M36x2	-	M36x2	-	-	-	-	M36x1,5	-
30	-	M42x2	-	M42x2	2x11	2x11	-	M39x1,5	-
33	-	-	-	-	-	-	M45x1,5	-	-

# A

## pplication

	Description	End Code
Pipe	Male NPTF Pipe - Rigid - Straight	01
	Male NPTF Pipe - Swivel - Straight	13
	Male NPTF Pipe - Swivel - 90° Elbow	1L
	Male API Pipe - Rigid - Straight	AP
	Female NPTF Pipe - Rigid - Straight	02
	Female NPSM Pipe - Swivel - Straight (60° Cone)	07
	Female NPTF Pipe - Swivel - Straight	S2
	Female NPSM Pipe - Gasket Joint - Swivel - Straight	7G
	Female Grease Connection - SPL-PTF Taper Thread - Rigid Straight - ½ x 27	GJ
	Male NPTF Pipe - Rigid - 45° Elbow	31
SAE Str. Trd.	Male NPTF Pipe - Rigid - 90° Elbow or Side Outlet	21
	Male SAE Straight Thread with O-Ring - Rigid - Straight	05
	Male SAE Straight Thread with O-Ring - Swivel - Straight	0G
	Male SAE Straight Thread with O-Ring - Adjustable - 45° Elbow	25
	Male SAE Straight Thread with O-Ring - Swivel - 90° Elbow	0L
	Male SAE Straight Thread with O-Ring - Adjustable - 90° Elbow	35
	Male JIC 37° - Rigid - Straight	03
	Male JIC 37° - Bulkhead without Locknut - Straight	LB
	Female JIC 37° - Swivel - Straight	06
	Female JIC 37° - Swivel - 45° Elbow - Short Drop	37
Flare	Female JIC 37° - Swivel - 45° Elbow - Medium Drop	L7
	Female JIC 37° - Swivel - 90° Elbow - Short Drop	39
	Female JIC 37° - Swivel - 90° Elbow - Medium Drop	L9
	Female JIC 37° - Swivel - 90° Elbow - Long Drop	41
	Female JIC 37° - Swivel - Straight	48
	Female JIC 37° - Swivel - 150° Elbow	4V
	Male SAE 45° - Rigid - Straight	04
	Female SAE 45° - Swivel - Straight	08
	Female SAE 45 / Swivel - 45° Elbow	77
	Female SAE 45 / Swivel - 90° Elbow	79
Inverted Flare	Female SAE 45 / Swivel - 90° Elbow - Long Drop	81
	Female JIC 37°/SAE 45° Dual Flare - Swivel - Straight	68
	Male Inverted SAE 45° - Swivel - Straight	28
	Male Inverted SAE 45° - Swivel - 45° Elbow	67
	Male Inverted SAE 45° - Swivel - 90° Elbow	69
	Male Inverted SAE 45° - Swivel - 90° Elbow - Long (In-Line)	71
	Female Inverted SAE 45° - Rigid - Straight	29
	Male Tube-O - Swivel - Straight - Short Pilot	S5
	Male Tube-O - Swivel - Straight - Short Pilot with Charge Port for R12	S5-PR
	Male Tube-O - Swivel - Straight - Long Pilot	45
Tube-O	Male Tube-O - Swivel - Straight - Long Pilot with Charge Port for R12	45-PR

## Standard Fitting Configurations by Connection and End Code

	Description	End Code
Tube-O	Male Tube-O - Swivel - Straight - Long Pilot with Charge Port for R134a	45-PT
	Female Tube-O - Swivel - 90° Elbow - Long Pilot	5L
	Female Tube-O - Swivel - 90° Elbow - Long Pilot with Charge Port for R12	5L-PB
	Female Tube-O - Swivel - 90° Elbow - Long Pilot with Charge Port for R12	5L-PR
	Female Tube-O - Swivel - 90° Elbow - Long Pilot with Charge Port for R134a	5L-PT
	Male Tube-O - Swivel - 90° Elbow - Long Pilot	5M
	Male Tube-O - Swivel - 90° Elbow - Long Pilot with Charge Port for R12	5M-PR
	Male Tube-O - Swivel - 90° Elbow - Long Pilot with Charge Port for R134a	5M-PT
	Male Tube-O - Swivel - 90° Elbow - Long Pilot with Charge Port for R134a	5M-PV
	Male Tube-O - Rigid - Straight - Internal Long Pilot (3-Step)	5G
Compressor	Male Tube-O - Rigid - Straight - Internal Long Pilot (3-Step) with Charge Port for R12	5G-PR
	Male Tube-O - Swivel - 45° Elbow - Short Pilot	5R
	Male Tube-O - Swivel - 45° Elbow - Long Pilot	5P
	Male Tube-O - Swivel - 45° Elbow - Long Pilot with Charge Port for R134a	5P-PT
	Male Tube-O - Swivel - 90° Elbow - Short Pilot	5K
	Male Tube-O - Swivel - 90° Elbow - Short Pilot with Charge Port for R134a	5K-PB
	Male Tube-O - Swivel - 90° Elbow - Short Pilot with Charge Port for R12	5K-PR
	Female Tube-O - Swivel - Straight - Short Pilot	5S
	Female Tube-O - Swivel - Straight - Long Pilot	59
	Female Tube-O - Swivel - Straight - Long Pilot with Charge Port for 134a	59-PB
Flange	Female Tube-O - Swivel - Straight - Long Pilot with Charge Port	59-PT
	Female Tube-O - Swivel - 45° Elbow - Short Pilot	5H
	Female Tube-O - Swivel - 45° Elbow - Long Pilot	5N
	Female Tube-O - Swivel - 45° Elbow - Long Pilot with Charge Port	5N-PB
	Female Tube-O - Swivel - 45° Elbow - Long Pilot with Charge Port	5N-PT
	Female Tube-O - Swivel - 90° Elbow - Short Pilot	5T
	Female Compressor - Swivel - 45° Elbow	5V
	Female Compressor - Swivel - 90° Elbow	5W
	Female Compressor - Swivel - 90° Elbow - Block Type	5Z
	Female Compressor - Swivel - 135° Elbow	RV
End Code	Female Compressor - Swivel - 180° Elbow - Block Type	RZ
	Male SAE Compression Seat (without Nut or Sleeve)	61
	Two Hole (2.25" X 0.44") Flange - Rigid - 90° Elbow	2H
	SAE Code 61 Flange Head - Straight	15
	SAE Code 61 Flange Head - Straight (5,000 psi)	4A
	SAE Code 61 Flange Head - 22½° Elbow -	16
	Description	End Code

Hose

A

Fittings

B

Equipment

C

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D

Technical

E

# A

## pplication

Continued from previous page

Flange	SAE Code 61 Flange Head-30° Elbow	26	
	SAE Code 61 Flange Head-45° Elbow	17	
	SAE Code 61 Flange Head-45° Elbow (5,000 psi)	4F	
	SAE Code 61 Flange Head-60° Elbow	27	
	SAE Code 61 Flange Head - 67½° Elbow	18	
	SAE Code 61 Flange Head - 90° Elbow	19	
	SAE Code 61 Flange Head - 90° Elbow - (5,000 psi)	4N	
	SAE Code 61 Flange Head - 90° Elbow - Long Drop	89	
	SAE Code 61 Flange Head - 110° Elbow	2U	
	SAE Code 62 Flange Head - Straight	6A	
	SAE Code 62 Flange Head - 22½° Elbow	6B	
	SAE Code 62 Flange Head - 30° Elbow	6E	
	SAE Code 62 Flange Head - 45° Elbow	6F	
	SAE Code 62 Flange Head - 60° Elbow	6G	
	SAE Code 62 Flange Head - 90° Elbow	6N	
	Caterpillar® Flange Head - Straight	XA	
	Caterpillar® Flange Head - 22½° Elbow	XB	
	Caterpillar® Flange Head - 30° Elbow	XE	
	Caterpillar® Flange Head - 45° Elbow	XF	
	Caterpillar® Flange Head - 60° Elbow	XG	
	Caterpillar® Flange Head - 67½° Elbow	XM	
	Caterpillar® Flange Head - 90° Elbow	XN	
	Male Seal-Lok - Rigid - Straight (with O-Ring)	J0	
	Male Seal-Lok - Bulkhead without Locknut - Straight (with O-Ring)	JB	
	Seal-Lok	Female Seal-Lok - Swivel - Straight - Long	JS
		Female Seal-Lok - Swivel - Straight - Short	JC
Female Seal-Lok - Swivel - 221/2° Elbow		J6	
Female Seal-Lok - Swivel - 45° Elbow		J7	
Female Seal-Lok - Swivel - 90° Elbow - Short Drop		J9	
Female Seal-Lok - Swivel - 90° Elbow - Medium Drop		J5	
Female Seal-Lok - Swivel - 90° Elbow - Long Drop		J1	
Female Metric Swivel - Straight (30° Flare)		MU	
JIS	Female Metric - Swivel - Straight (30° Flare)	XU	
	Female BSP Parallel Pipe - Swivel - Straight (30° Flare)	FU	
	Male BSP Taper Pipe - Rigid - Straight (60° Cone)	UT	
	Female BSP Parallel Pipe - Swivel - Straight (60° Cone)	GU	
	Female BSP Parallel Pipe - Swivel - 45° Elbow (60° Cone)	G1	
	Female BSP Parallel Pipe - Swivel - 90° Elbow (60° Cone)	G2	
	Male Metric L - Rigid - Straight (24° Cone)	D0	
	Male Standpipe Metric L - Rigid - Straight	1D	
Metric	Female Metric - Swivel - Straight (Ball Nose)	C0	
	Female Metric L - Swivel - Straight (Ball Nose)	C3	
	Female Metric L - Swivel - 45° Elbow (Ball Nose)	C4	
	Female Metric L - Swivel - 90° Elbow (Ball Nose)	C5	
	Description	End Code	
	Female Metric L - Swivel - Straight (24° Cone with O-Ring)	CA	

## Standard Fitting Configurations by Connection and End Code

Metric	Metric	Female Metric L - Swivel - 45° Elbow (24° Cone with O-Ring) -	CE
		Female Metric L - Swivel - 90° Elbow (24° Cone with O-Ring) -	CF
		Male Metric S - Rigid - Straight (24° Cone)	D2
		Male Standpipe Metric S - Rigid - Straight	3D
		Female Metric S - Swivel - Straight (Ball Nose)	C6
		Female Metric S - Swivel - 45° Elbow (Ball Nose)	C7
		Female Metric S - Swivel - 90° Elbow (Ball Nose)	C8
		Female Metric S - Swivel - Straight (24° Cone with O-Ring)	C9
		Female Metric S - Swivel - 45° Elbow (24° Cone with O-Ring)	0C
		Female Metric S - Swivel - 90° Elbow (24° Cone with O-Ring)	1C
BSP	BSP	Male BSP Taper Pipe - Rigid - Straight	91
		Female BSP Parallel Pipe - Swivel - Straight (60° Cone)	92
		Male BSP Parallel Pipe - Rigid - Straight (60° Cone)	D9
		Female BSP Parallel Pipe - Swivel - 45° Elbow (60° Cone)	B1
		Female BSP Parallel Pipe - Swivel - 90° Elbow (60° Cone)	B2
		Female BSP Parallel Pipe - Swivel - 90° Elbow Block Type (60° Cone)	B4
		Female BSP Parallel Pipe - Swivel - Straight (Flat Seat)	B5
		Male BSP Taper Pipe - Rigid - 45° Elbow	BV
		Male BSP Taper Pipe - Rigid - 90° Elbow or Side Outlet	BZ
		Male French Gaz Series - Rigid - Straight (24° Cone)	FG
Fr. Gaz	Fr. Gaz	Female French Gaz Series - Swivel - Straight (Ball Nose)	F4
		DIN Metric Banjo - Straight	49
		88 Series Heavy Duty Hose Clamp (Double Bolt Hose Clamp)	88DB
		88 Series Hose Clamp-SAE 100R4 Two-Bolt Clamp	88HC-H
		88 Series Hose Clamp (Worm Gear)	88HC
		Push-Lok Union	82
		Hose Splicer	88
		Male Standpipe - Rigid - Straight (Inch Size Tube O.D.)	34
		Male Ferulok Flareless-Rigid-Straight (24° Cone with Nut and Ferrule)	11
		Female Ferulok Flareless - Swivel - Straight (24° Cone)	12
Specialty	Specialty	Female Air Brake Jounce Line - Swivel - Straight	7B
		Male Refrigerant Tube Mender - Straight (with Nut and Ferrule)	T1
		Female PTT 30° - Swivel	32

# A

## pplication

## Metric Conversion

### METRIC to ENGLISH EQUIVALENTS ENGLISH to METRIC EQUIVALENTS

inches x 25.4 = millimeters (mm)  
 inches x 2.54 = centimeters (cm)  
 feet x .3048 = meters (m)  
 yard x .9144 = meters (m)  
 psi x .0689 = bar  
 psi x .0069 = Megapascals (MPa)  
 psi x .0703 = Kilogram force per square centimeter (Kgf/cm<sup>2</sup>)  
 pound force x 4.448 = Newtons  
 pound · inch x .113 = Newton · meters (N · m)  
 pound · foot x 1.356 = Newton · meters (N · m)  
 millimeter x .0394 = inch (in)  
 centimeter x .3937 = inch (in)  
 meters x 3.281 = feet (ft)  
 meters x 1.0936 = yards (yd)  
 bar x 14.5 = psi  
 Megapascals x 145.0 = psi  
 Kilogram force per square centimeter x 14.22 = psi  
 Newtons x .2248 = pounds force (lbf)  
 Newton · meter x 8.850 = pound · inches (lb · in)  
 Newton · meter x .737 = pound feet (lb · ft)

### METRIC I.D. KIT

#### INTERNATIONAL HOSE FITTING IDENTIFICATION KIT

The booklet, gauges and caliper contained in this fitting I.D. Kit, can be used to identify most types of hydraulic hose fittings and adapters including:

- U.S. Standards
- British Standard Pipe
- German (DIN) Metric
- French Metric and GAZ
- Japanese Standards (JIS)

#### Contents of Kit:

- Instruction Book with Tables
- Screw Pitch Gauge for U.S. Threads
- International Gauge for Metric and British Threads
- Inch and Millimeter Caliper
- Carry Case

For information, contact your local distributor or the Parker Catalog Service Department - 1-800-272-7537 or 1-614-279-7070.

### MILLIMETERS to FRACTIONS to DECIMALS

MM	INCHES		MM	INCHES		MM	INCHES		MM	INCHES	
	FRACTION	DECIMAL		FRACTION	DECIMAL		FRACTION	DECIMAL		FRACTION	DECIMAL
0.3969	1/64	0.0156	6.7469	17/64	0.2656	13.0969	33/64	0.5156	19.4469	49/64	0.7656
0.7938	1/32	0.0312	7.1438	9/32	0.2812	13.4938	17/32	0.5312	19.8438	25/32	0.7812
1.1906	3/64	0.0468	7.5406	19/64	0.2968	13.8906	35/64	0.5468	20.2406	51/64	0.7968
1.5875	1/16	0.0625	7.9375	5/16	0.3125	14.2875	9/16	0.5625	20.2375	13/16	0.8125
1.9844	5/64	0.0781	8.3344	21/64	0.3281	14.6844	37/64	0.5781	21.0344	53/64	0.8281
2.3812	3/32	0.0937	8.7312	11/32	0.3437	15.0812	19/32	0.5937	21.4312	27/32	0.8437
2.7781	7/64	0.1093	9.1281	23/64	0.3593	15.4781	39/64	0.6093	21.8281	55/64	0.8593
3.1750	1/8	0.1250	9.5250	3/8	0.3750	15.8750	5/8	0.6250	22.2250	7/8	0.8750
3.5719	9/64	0.1406	9.9219	25/64	0.3906	16.2719	41/64	0.6406	22.6219	57/64	0.8906
3.9688	5/32	0.1562	10.3188	13/32	0.4062	16.6688	21/32	0.6562	23.0188	29/32	0.9062
4.3656	11/64	0.1718	10.7156	27/64	0.4218	17.0656	43/64	0.6718	23.4156	59/64	0.9218
4.7625	3/16	0.1875	11.1125	7/16	0.4375	17.4625	11/16	0.6875	23.8125	15/16	0.9375
5.1594	13/64	0.2031	11.5094	29/64	0.4531	17.8594	45/64	0.7031	24.2094	61/64	0.9531
5.5562	7/32	0.2187	11.9062	15/32	0.4687	18.2562	23/32	0.7187	24.6062	31/32	0.9687
5.9531	15/64	0.2343	12.3031	31/64	0.4843	18.6531	47/64	0.7343	25.0031	63/64	0.9843
6.3500	1/4	0.2500	12.7000	1/2	0.5000	19.0500	3/4	0.7500	25.4000	1	1.0000

Hose

A

Fittings

B

Equipment

C

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D

Technical

E

## Media

## Chemical Resistance Information

**Warning:** This chemical compatibility guide must not be used in conjunction with any other compatibility guides from previous or future catalog editions, bulletins or publications. Incorrect use of these charts could result in death, personal injury or property damage.

## Hose Selection by Medium and Hose Type

This hose compatibility chart is a ready reference of Parker hose compatibility with various fluid media. It is intended as a guide to chemical compatibility with inner tube materials and assembly lubricant applied internally. The specific recommendations are based upon field experience, the advice of various polymer or fluid suppliers, and specific laboratory experiments. **It must be stressed, however, that this information is offered only as a guide.** Final hose selection depends also upon pressure, fluid temperature, ambient temperature, and special requirements or variations, which may not be known by Parker Hannifin. Legal and other regulations must be followed with particular care. Where an external compatibility problem may occur, or for fluids not listed, we encourage you to first contact the fluid manufacturer for a recommendation prior to contacting your Parker Hannifin Field Representative or the Technical Service Department, Hose Products Division, Wickliffe, Ohio.

## Use the Chart as Follows:

1. Locate medium to be carried using the Chemical Resistance Table on the following pages.
2. Select suitability of hose and fitting material from the table based on the letter rating in the table. See resistance rating key below for explanation of compatibility ratings. See list of numerals below for an explanation when a numeral, or a numeral and a letter rating are present in the table.
3. The Column headings on the Chemical Resistance Table, I, II, III, IV, V, refer to specific groups of hoses.
4. Locate hose part number under Column I, II, III, IV, V from the list below.
5. For fitting material availability refer to appropriate fitting section of catalog.
6. Check hose specifications in this catalog. Contact Hose Division Technical Service Department on any items not cataloged.

## Resistance Rating Key

A = Preferred, good to excellent with little or no change in physical properties.  
 F = Fair, marginal or conditional with noticeable affects on physical properties.  
 X = Unsuitable, severe affects on physical properties.  
 ~ = No rating, insufficient information.

## Numerals

1. For air or gaseous applications above 250 PSI (1,7 MPa), the cover should be pin pricked.
2. Legal and insurance regulations must be considered. Contact Technical Service Department for more information.
3. Push-Lok hoses (611, 801, 821, 821FR, 831, 836) are not recommended for any type of fuel.
4. Use 285 hose. The compatibility of the systems refrigeration oil with these hoses needs to be evaluated on a case by case basis. Contact HPD Technical Service Department for more information. Chemical compatibility does not imply low permeation.
5. 150°F (65°C) maximum.
6. Satisfactory at some concentrations and temperatures, unsatisfactory at others.
7. For phosphate ester fluids use 304, 774, hoses.
8. Acceptable for flushing hose assemblies.
9. 221FR hose recommended.
10. For dry air applications, hoses with inner tubes from columns IV, and V are preferred. See hose specifications for maximum recommended temperatures with air.
11. 212°F (100°C) maximum.
12. 250°F (121°C) maximum.
13. Use SS23CG or SS25UL
14. Use SS23CG

## Hose Types

## Column I

201, 301, 341, 601, 701, 721TC, 731, 761, 791TC, CM2HP, P35, R42

## Column II

301LT, 351ST, 381, 421WC, 431, 451TC, 471ST, 481, 801, 811HT

## Column III

221FR, 372, 422, 472TC, 482, 611, 772TC, 782ST, 821, 831, CM4SHP, CM4TC, CMR, JK,

## Column IV

206, 213, 266, 426, 436, 821FR, 836

## Column V

304, 774

**Caution:**

The fluid manufacturer's recommended maximum operating temperature for any specific name-brand fluid should be closely observed by the user. Specific name brand fluids can vary greatly between manufacturers even though they are considered to be from the same family or type of fluids. Using fluids above the manufacturers maximum recommended temperature can cause the fluid to break down, creating by-products that can be harmful to elastomers or other materials used in the system. When selecting a hose type, both the fluid manufacturer and hose manufacturers maximum temperature limit must be taken into consideration, with the lower of the two taking precedence.





## Chemical Resistance Information

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MEDIA	I	II	III	IV	V	Steel	Brass	SS
3M FC-75	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A
Acetic Acid	X	X	X	A	6	X	X	A
Acetone	X	X	X	A	A	A	A	A
Acetylene	X	X	X	X	X	~	~	~
AEROSHELL Turbine Oil 500	X	X	X	X	X	A	A	A
Air	A,1,10	A,1,10	A,1,10	A,1,10	A,1,10	A	A	A
Air (dry)	X	F,1,10	F,1,10	A,1,10	A,1,10	A	A	A
Alcohol (Methanol-Ethanol)	F	F	F	F	F	F	A	A
Americas Choice AW ISO 46	~	F	F	~	X	A	A	A
Ammonia (Anhydrous)	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X
Ammonium Chloride	A	A	A	A	A	X	X	X
Ammonium Hydroxide	F	F	F	A	A	F	X	A
Ammonium Nitrate	A	A	A	F	A	F	X	A
Ammonium Phosphate	A	A	A	A	A	X	X	F
Ammonium Sulfate	A	A	A	A	A	F	X	F
Amoco 32 Rykon	X	A	A	F	X	A	A	A
Ampol PE 46	X	X	X	X	A,7	A	A	A
AMSOIL Synthetic ATF	F	A	A	A	X	A	A	A
Amyl Alcohol	X	X	X	F	F	X	A	A
Anderol 495,497,500,750	X	X	X	F	X	A	A	A
Aniline	X	X	X	F	A	A	X	A
Animal Fats	X	F	F	F	F	6	6	A
Aquacent Light, Heavy	X	A	A	X	X	A	A	A
Aries/Athena	F	F	F	~	X	A	A	A
Aromatic 100,150	X	F	F	~	X	A	A	A
Arrow 602P	A	A	A	A	X	A	A	A
Asphalt	X	F	F	F	X	F	F	A
ASTM #3 Oil	F	F	F	F	X	A	A	A
Astrol 1044AW	A	A	A	~	X	A	A	A
ATF-M	F	A	A	A	X	A	A	A
Automotive Brake Fluid	X	X	X	X	~	X	X	X
AW 32,46,68	F	A	A	A	X	A	A	A
BCF	F	F	F	F	~	A	A	A
Benz Petraulic 32,46,68,100,150,220,320,460	F	A	A	A	X	A	A	A
Benzene, Benzol	X	X	X	F	X	A	A	A
Benzgrind HP 15	~	A	A	A	X	A	A	A
Benzine	X	X	X	F	X	A	A	A
Biodegradable Hydraulic Fluid 112B	X	A	A	X	~	A	A	A
Bio-Soy, Agri Industries	X	A	A	X	X	A	A	A
Borax	F	F	F	F	A	F	A	A
Boric Acid	A	A	A	X	A	X	6	A
Brayco 882	X	A	A	A	X	A	A	A
Brayco Micronic 745	X	A	A	F	X	A	A	A
Brayco Micronic 776RP	F	A	A	F	X	A	A	A

Hose  
**A**Fittings  
**B**Equipment  
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**D**Technical  
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## Media

Chemical Resistance  
Information (Page 2 of 9)

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MEDIA	I	II	III	IV	V	Steel	Brass	SS
Brayco Micronic 889	X	F	F	~	X	A	A	A
Brine	F	F	F	A	A	X	F	F
Butane	See numerals 2 and 13					A	A	A
Butyl Alcohol, Butanol	F	F	F	F	F	F	F	A
Calcium Chloride	A	A	A	F	A	F	F	X
Calcium Hydroxide	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A
Calcium Hypochlorite	X	X	X	A	A	X	F	X
Calibrating Fluid	A	A	A	A	X	A	A	A
Carbon Dioxide, gas	F	F	F	F	6	A	A	A
Carbon Dioxide, liquid	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X
Carbon Disulfide	X	X	X	F	X	A	F	A
Carbon Monoxide (hot)	F	F	F	F	6	F	6	A
Carbon Tetrachloride	X	X	X	F	X	6	6	6
Carbonic Acid	F	F	F	X	F	X	X	F
Castor Oil	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A
Castrol 5000	X	F	F	A	X	A	A	A
Cellosolve Acetate	X	X	X	X	A	X	X	A
Celluguard	A	A	A	~	A	A	A	A
Cellulube 90, 150, 220 300, 550, 1000	X	X	X	~	A	A	A	A
Chevron Clarity AW 32, 46, 68	A	A	A	A	X	A	A	A
Chevron FLO-COOL 180	F	F	F	~	X	A	A	A
Chevron FR-8, 10, 13, 20	X	X	X	X	A,7	A	A	A
Chevron Hydraulic Oils AW MV 15, 32, 46, 68, 100	A	A	A	A	X	A	A	A
Chevron HyJet IV (9)	X	X	X	X	A,7	A	A	A
Chevron Rykon MV	F	A	A	~	X	A	A	A
Cindol 3204 PBR	~	A	A	A	X	A	A	A
Citric Acid	F	A	A	X	A	X	X	6
Commonwealth EDM 242, 244	A	A	A	~	X	A	A	A
CompAir CN300	X	X	X	F	X	A	A	A
CompAir CS100, 200, 300, 400	X	X	X	F	X	A	A	A
Coolanol 15, 20, 25, 35, 45	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A
Copper Chloride	F	A	A	X	A	X	X	X
Copper Sulfate	A	A	A	X	A	X	X	F
Cosmolubric HF-122, HF-130, HF-144	X	F	A	X	X	A	A	A
Cosmolubric HF-1530	X	F	A	X	X	A	A	A
Cottonseed Oil	F	A	A	F	X	A	A	A
CPI CP-4000	X	X	X	F	X	A	A	A
Crude Petroleum Oil	F	A	A	A	X	F	F	A
CSS 1001 Dairy Hydraulic Fluid	F	A	A	A	X	A	A	A
Daphne AW32	A	A	A	A	X	A	A	A
Dasco FR 201-A	A	A	A	~	X	A	A	A
Dasco FR150, 200, 310	F	A	A	~	A	A	A	A
Dasco FR300, FR2550	X	X	X	~	X	A	A	A
Dasco FR355-3	X	F	A	X	X	A	A	A
Deicer Fluid 419R	A	A	A	~	~	A	A	A



# Chemical Resistance Information

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MEDIA	I	II	III	IV	V	Steel	Brass	SS
Deionized Water	A	A	A	A	A	F	F	A
Dexron II ATF	F	A	A	A	X	A	A	A
Dexron III ATF (to 170°F)	A	A	A	A	X	A	A	A
Dexron III ATF (to 212°F)	X	F	F	A	X	A	A	A
Dexron III ATF (to 250°F)	X	X	X	A	X	A	A	A
Dexron III ATF (to 300°F)	X	X	X	X	X			
DexronIIIE/Mercon (at 212°F)	X	A	A	A	X	A	A	A
Diesel Fuel	F,3	A,3	A,3	A,3	X	A	A	A
Diester Fluids	X	X	X	F	X	A	A	A
Dow Corning 2-1802	~	~	~	F	~	A	A	A
Dow Corning DC 200, 510, 550, 560, FC126	A	A	A	F	~	A	A	A
Dow HD50-4	F	F	F	~	~	~	~	A
Dow Sullube 32	~	~	~	F	~	A	A	A
Dowtherm A,E	X	X	X	F	X	A	A	A
Dowtherm G	X	X	X	X	X	A	A	A
Duro AW-16, 31	A	A	A	~	X	A	A	A
Duro FR-HD	A	A	A	~	X	A	A	A
EcoSafe FR-68	A	A	A	~	~	A	A	A
Envirologic 3032, 3046, 3068	A	A	A	~	~	A	A	A
Ethanol	F	F	F	F	F	F	A	A
Ethers	X	X	X	F	X	A	A	A
Ethyl Acetate	X	X	X	F	F	F	A	A
Ethyl Alcohol	F	F	F	F	F	F	A	A
Ethyl Cellulose	F	F	F	F	F	X	F	F
Ethyl Chloride	X	X	X	X	A	F	F	F
Ethylene Dichloride	X	X	X	F	X	X	A	X
Ethylene Glycol	F	A	A	A	A	A	F	A
<b>Exxon 2380 Turbo Oil</b>	<b>X</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>X</b>	<b>X</b>	<b>A</b>	<b>A</b>	<b>A</b>
<b>Exxon 3110 FR</b>	<b>A</b>	<b>A</b>	<b>A</b>	<b>A</b>	<b>X</b>	<b>A</b>	<b>A</b>	<b>A</b>
Exxon Esstic	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A
Exxon Mobil Rarus SHC 1026	~	~	~	A	~	A	A	A
Exxon Nuto H 46, 68	A	A	A	A	X	A	A	A
Exxon Tellura Industrial Process Oils	A	A	A	A	X	A	A	A
Exxon Terresstic, EP	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A
Exxon Turbo Oil 2380	X	F	F	F	X	A	A	A
Exxon Univolt 60, N61	F	A	A	A	X	A	A	A
FE 232 (Halon)	X	X	X	X	F	A	A	A
Fenso 150	~	A	A	~	X	A	A	A
Formaldehyde	X	X	X	A	A	X	F	A
Formic Acid	X	X	X	X	A	X	6	X
Freons see refrigerants	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~
Fuel Oil	F	A	A	A	X	A	A	A
Fyre-Safe 120C, 126, 155, 1090E, 1150, 1220, 1300E	X	X	X	X	A,7	A	A	A

Hose  
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# Chemical Resistance Information

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MEDIA	I	II	III	IV	V	Steel	Brass	SS
Fyre-Safe 200C, 225, 211	F	A	A	A	A	A	A	A
Fyre-Safe W/O	A	A	A	A	X	A	A	A
Fyrguard 150, 150-M, 200	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A
Fyrquel 60, 90, 150, 220, 300, 550, 1000	X	X	X	X	A,7	A	A	A
Fyrquel EHC, GT, LT, VPF	X	X	X	X	A,7	A	A	A
Fyrtek MF, 215, 290, 295	X	X	X	X	X	A	A	A
Gardner-Denver GD5000, GD8000	X	X	X	F	X	A	A	A
Gasoline			See numeral 9			A	A	A
Glue	F	F	F	~	X	A	F	A
Glycerine, Glycerol	A	A	A	A	A	A	F	A
Grease	A	A	A	A	X	A	A	A
Green Plus ES	X	A	A	X	~	A	A	A
Greens Care 32, 46	F	A	A	F	~	A	A	A
Gulf-FR Fluid P37, P40, P43, P45, P47	X	X	X	F	A	A	A	A
H-515 (NATO)	A	A	A	~	X	A	A	A
Halon 1211, 1301	F	F	F	F	~	A	A	A
Helium Gas	X	X	X	X	X	A	A	A
Heptane	X	F	F	A	X	A	A	A
Hexane	X	F	F	A	X	A	A	A
HF-20, HF-28	~	A	A	A	A	A	A	A
Houghto-Safe 1055, 1110, 1115, 1120, 1130 (9)	X	X	X	X	A,7	A	A	A
Houghto-Safe 271 to 640	F	A	A	F	A	A	A	A
Houghto-Safe 419 Hydraulic Fluid	A	A	A	~	X	A	A	A
Houghto-Safe 419R Deicer Fluid	A	A	A	~	~	A	A	A
Houghto-Safe 5046, 5046W, 5047-F	A	A	A	A	X	A	A	A
HP 100C (Jack hammer oil)	F	A	A	A	X	A	A	A
HPWG 46B	F	A	A	F	~	A	A	A
Hul-E-Mul	A	A	A	~	X	A	A	A
Hychem C, EP1000, RDF	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A
Hydra Safe E-190	A	A	A	F	X	A	A	A
Hydra-Cut 481, 496	A	A	A	~	X	A	A	A
Hydrafluid 760	A	A	A	~	X	A	A	A
Hydrochloric Acid	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X
Hydrofluoric Acid	X	X	X	X	X	X	6	X
Hydrogen Gas	X	X	X	X	X	A	A	A
Hydrogen Peroxide	X	X	X	F	X	X	X	6
Hydrogen Sulfide	X	X	X	X	A	X	X	6
Hydrolube	A	A	A	F	A	A	A	A
Hydrolubric 120-B, 141, 595	F	A	A	F	A	A	A	A
Hydrosafe Glycol 200	A	A	A	A	A	A	F	A
HyJet IV	X	X	X	X	A,7	A	A	A
Hyspin SP 10	~	A	A	A	X	A	A	A
Ideal Yellow 77	A	A	A	A	X	A	A	A
Imol S150 to S550	X	X	X	~	~	A	A	A



# Chemical Resistance Information

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MEDIA	I	II	III	IV	V	Steel	Brass	SS
Ingersoll Rand SSR Coolant	X	X	X	F	X	A	A	A
Isocyanates	F	F	F	F	X	A	~	A
Isooctane	X	F	F	A	X	A	A	A
Isopar H	X	X	X	X	X	A	A	A
Isopropyl Alcohol	F	F	F	F	F	F	A	A
Jayflex DIDP	X	X	X	X	A	A	A	A
JP3 and JP4	X	A	A	~	X	A	A	A
JP5	X	A	A	F	X	A	A	A
JP9	X	X	X	X	X	A	~	A
Kaeser 150P, 175P, 325R, 687R	X	X	X	F	X	A	A	A
Kerosene	X	A	A	F	X	A	A	A
KSL-214, 219, 220, 222	X	X	X	F	X	A	A	A
Lacquer	X	X	X	F	X	X	A	A
Lacquer Solvents	X	X	X	F	X	X	A	A
Lactic Acids	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	A
Lindol HF	X	X	X	F	A	A	A	A
Linseed Oil	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A
LP-Gas	See numeral 13					A	A	A
Magnesium Chloride	A	A	A	A	A	X	X	X
Magnesium Hydroxide	F	F	F	A	A	F	F	F
Magnesium Sulfate	A	A	A	A	A	A	F	A
Mercaptans	X	X	X	X	X	~	~	~
Methane	See numeral 14					A	A	A
Methanol	F	F	F	F	F	F	A	A
Methyl Alcohol	F	F	F	F	F	F	A	A
Methyl Chloride	X	X	X	F	X	A	A	A
Methyl Ethyl Ketone (MEK)	X	X	X	F	X	F	A	A
Methyl Isopropyl-Ketone	X	X	X	X	X	F	A	A
Metsafe FR 303-M	X	X	X	X	X			
Metsafe FR303, FR310, FR315, FR330, FR350	X	X	X	X	X	A	A	A
Microzol-T46	X	A	A	~	X	A	A	A
MIL-B-46176A	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X
MIL-H-46170	X	F	F	F	X	A	A	A
MIL-H-5606	F	A	A	A	X	A	A	A
MIL-H-6083	F	A	A	A	X	A	A	A
MIL-H-7083	F	A	A	A	X	A	A	A
MIL-H-83282	F	A	A	A	X	A	A	A
MIL-L-2104, 2104B	F	A	A	A	X	A	A	A
MIL-L-23699	X	X	X	X	X	A	A	A
MIL-L-7808	F	A	A	~	X	A	A	A
Mine Guard FR	A	A	A	~	A	A	A	A
Mineral Oil	A	A	A	F	X	A	A	A
Mineral Spirits	8	8	8	8	X	A	A	A
Mobil Aero HFE	F	A	A	F	X	A	A	A

Hose  
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MEDIA	I	II	III	IV	V	Steel	Brass	SS
Mobil DTE 11M, 13M, 15M, 16M, 18M, 19M	F	A	A	A	X	A	A	A
Mobil DTE 22, 24, 25, 26	F	A	A	A	X	A	A	A
Mobil EAL 224H	X	A	A	X	~	A	A	A
Mobil EAL Artic 10, 15, 22,32, 46, 68, 100	X	X	X	X	X	A	A	A
Mobil EAL Evirosyn 46	A	A	A	A	X	A	A	A
Mobil Glygoyle 11, 22, 30, 80	A	A	A	~	X	A	A	A
Mobil HFA	F	A	A	A	X	A	A	A
Mobil Jet 2	X	F	F	A	X	A	A	A
Mobil Nyvac 20, 30, 200, FR	F	A	A	F	A	A	A	A
Mobil Rarus 824, 826, 827	X	X	X	F	X	A	A	A
Mobil SHC 500 Series	F	A	A	A	X	A	A	A
Mobil SHC 600 Series	F	A	A	A	X	A	A	A
Mobil SHC 800 Series	F	A	A	A	X	A	A	A
Mobil SHL 624	~	A	A	A	X	A	A	A
Mobil Vactra Oil	A	A	A	F	X	A	A	A
Mobil XRL 1618B	X	X	X	X	A,7	A	A	A
Mobilfluid 423	F	A	A	A	X	A	A	A
Mobilgear SHC 150, 220, 320, 460, 680	F	F	F	F	X	A	A	A
Mobilrama 525	A	A	A	F	X	A	A	A
Molub-Alloy 890	X	X	X	F	X	A	A	A
Moly Lube 'HF' 902	F	F	F	F	X	A	A	A
Monolec 6120 Hydraulic Oil	A	A	A	A	X	A	A	A
Morpholine (pure additive)	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	A
Naptha	X	F	F	A	X	A	A	A
Napthalene	X	X	X	F	X	A	A	A
Natural Gas			See numeral 14			A	A	A
Nitric Acid	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	F
Nitrobenzene	X	X	X	F	X	X	X	A
Nitrogen, gas	F,1	F,1	F,1	F,1	F,1	A	A	A
Nitrogen, liquid	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X
NORPAR 12, 13, 15	8	8	8	8	X	A	A	A
Nuto H 46, 68	A	A	A	A	X	A	A	A
Nyvac 20, 30, 200, FR	F	A	A	F	A	A	A	A
Nyvac Light	X	X	X	~	A	A	A	A
Oceanic HW	F	A	A	F	X	A	A	A
Oxygen	X	X	X	X	X	X	A	A
Ozone	F	F	F	~	A	A	A	A
Pacer SLC 150, 300, 500, 700	X	X	X	F	X	A	A	A
Pennzbell AWX	F	A	A	F	X	A	A	A
Perchloroethylene	X	X	X	X	X	F	X	A
Petroleum Ether	X	F	F	F	X	A	A	A
Petroleum Oils	A	A	A	A	X	A	A	A
Phenol (Carbolic Acid)	X	X	X	A	X	X	F	A
Phosphate Ester Blends	X	X	X	X	X	A	A	A





# Chemical Resistance Information

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MEDIA	I	II	III	IV	V	Steel	Brass	SS
Phosphate Esters	X	X	X	X	A,7	A	A	A
Phosphoric Acid	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	F
Plurasafe P 1000, 1200	F	A	A	A	F	A	A	A
Polyalkylene Glycol	A	F	F	~	X	A	A	A
Polyol Ester	X	F	A	X	X	A	A	A
Potassium Chloride	A	A	A	A	A	X	F	F
Potassium Hydroxide	X	X	X	F	A	6	X	A
Potassium Sulfate	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A
Propane			See numeral 13			A	A	A
Propylene Glycol	F	A	A	A	A	F	F	F
Pydraul 10-E, 29-E, 50-E, 65-E, 90-E, 115-E	X	X	X	X	A,7	A	A	A
Pydraul 230-C, 312-C, 68-S	X	X	X	X	A,7	A	A	A
Pydraul 60, 150, 625, F9	X	X	X	X	A,7	A	A	A
Pydraul 90, 135, 230, 312, 540, MC	X	X	X	X	X	A	A	A
Pydraul A-200	X	X	X	F	X	A	A	A
Pyro Gard 43, 230, 630	X	X	X	X	X	A	A	A
Pyro Gard C, D, R, 40S, 40W	F	A	A	F	X	A	A	A
Pyro Guard 53, 55, 51, 42	X	X	X	X	A,7	A	A	A
Quakerol 641, 720	X	F	A	X	F	A	A	A
Quintolubric 700	A	A	A	A	A	A	F	A
Quintolubric 807-SN	F	A	A	~	X	A	A	A
Quintolubric 822, 833	X	F	A	X	X	A	A	A
Quintolubric 822-68EHC (71°C, 160°F maximum)	X	F	A	~		A	A	A
Quintolubric 888	X	F	A	X	X	A	A	A
Quintolubric 957, 958	F	A	A	F	A	A	A	A
Quintolubric N822-300	~	~	A	~	~	A	A	A
Rando	A	A	A	A	X	A	A	A
Rayco 782	X	F	A	X	X	X	X	X
Refrigerant 124			See numeral 4			A	A	A
Refrigerant Freon 113, 114	X	X	X	X	X	A	A	A
Refrigerant Freon 12			See numeral 4			A	A	A
Refrigerant Freon 22			See numeral 4			A	A	A
Refrigerant Freon 502			See numeral 4			A	A	A
Refrigerant HFC134A			See numeral 4			A	A	A
Reolube Turbofluid 46	X	X	X	X	A,7	A	A	A
Rotella	A	A	A	A	X	A	A	A
Royal Bio Guard 3032, 3046, 3068, 3100	X	~	A	X	X	A	A	A
Royco 2200, 2210, 2222, 2232, 2246, 2268	X	X	X	X	X	A	A	A
Royco 4032, 4068, 4100, 4150	X	X	X	F	X	A	A	A
Royco 756, 783	A	A	A	A	X	A	A	A
Royco 770	X	F	F	F	X	A	A	A
RTV Silicone Adhesive Sealants	X	X	X	X	X	A	A	A
Safco-Safe T10, T20	~	~	~	~	A	F	F	A
Safety-Kleen ISO 32, 46, 68 hydraulic oil	F	A	A	~	X	A	A	A
Safety-Kleen Solvent	8	8	8	8	X	A	A	A

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MEDIA	I	II	III	IV	V	Steel	Brass	SS
Santoflex 13	F	F	F	~	F	A	A	A
Santosafe 300	X	X	X	~	X	A	A	A
Santosafe W/G 15 to 30	~	~	~	A	A	A	A	A
Sea Water	F	F	F	F	A	X	F	A
Sewage	F	F	F	A	F	X	F	A
Shell 140 Solvent	8	8	8	8	X	A	A	A
Shell Clavus HFC 68	X	X	X	X	X	A	A	A
Shell Comptella Oil	F	F	F	A	X	A	A	A
Shell Comptella Oil S 46, 68	F	F	F	A	X	A	A	A
Shell Comptella Oil SM	F	F	F	A	X	A	A	A
Shell Diala A, (R) Oil AX	F	A	A	F	X	A	A	A
Shell FRM	~	~	~	~	X	A	A	A
Shell IRUS 902, 905	A	A	A	~	A	A	A	A
Shell Pella-A	A	A	A	A	X	A	A	A
Shell Tellus	F	A	A	A	X	A	A	A
Shell Thermia Oil C	A	A	A	A	X	A	A	A
Shell Turbo R	X	F	F	A	X	A	A	A
SHF 220, 300, 450	X	X	A	X	X	A	A	A
Silicate Esters	A	F	F	A	X	A	A	A
Silicone Oils	A	A	A	~	~	A	A	A
Silicone Sealants	X	X	X	X	X	A	A	A
Skydrol 500B-4, LD-4	X	X	X	X	A,7	A	A	A
Soap Solutions	X	F	F	F	A	A	A	A
Soda Ash, Sodium Carbonate	A	A	A	A	A	A	F	A
Sodium Bisulfate	F	F	F	A	A	F	A	F
Sodium Chloride	F	F	F	A	A	X	F	A
Sodium Hydroxide	X	X	X	A	A	A	X	A
Sodium Hypochlorite	F	F	F	X	F	X	X	X
Sodium Nitrate	F	F	F	A	A	A	F	A
Sodium Peroxide	X	X	X	X	A	X	X	A
Sodium Silicate	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A
Sodium Sulfate	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A
Soybean Oil	F	A	A	A	A	A	A	A
SSR Coolant	X	X	X	F	X	A	A	A
Steam	X	X	X	X	X	F	A	A
Stoddard Solvent	8	8	8	8	X	A	A	A
Sulfur Chloride	X	X	X	F	X	X	X	X
Sulfur Dioxide	X	X	X	X	F	X	F	F
Sulfur Trioxide	X	X	X	F	F	X	X	X
Sulfuric Acid 0%-30% Room Temp	F	F	F	X	F,6	6	X	6
Summa-20, Rotor, Recip	X	X	X	F	X	A	A	A
Summit DSL-32,68,100,125	X	X	X	F	X	A	A	A
Sun Minesafe, Sun Safe	X	F	F	F	X	A	A	A
Sundex 8125	X	F	F	~	A	A	A	A
Suniso 3GS	A	A	A	A	X	A	A	A



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MEDIA	I	II	III	IV	V	Steel	Brass	SS
Sun-Vis 722	X	F	F	~	X	A	A	A
Super Hydraulic Oil 100, 150, 220	A	A	A	A	X	A	A	A
SUVA MP 39, 52, 66	X	X	X	X	X	A	A	A
SYNCON Oil	X	X	X	X	X	A	A	A
Syndale 2820	X	F	F	~	~	A	A	A
Synesttic 32,68,100	X	X	X	X	X	A	A	A
Syn-Flo 70,90	X	X	X	F	X	A	A	A
SYN-O-AD 8478	X	X	X	X	A,7	A	A	A
Tannic Acid	F	A	A	F	A	X	F	X
Tar	F	F	F	F	X	X	F	A
Tellus (Shell)	F	A	A	A	X	A	A	A
Texaco 760 Hydrafluid	~	~	~	~	X	A	A	A
Texaco 766, 763 (200 - 300)	~	~	~	~	A	F	F	A
Texaco A-Z Oil	A	A	A	F	X	A	A	A
Texaco Spindura Oil 22	F	F	F	F	X	A	A	A
Texaco Way Lubricant 68	A	A	A	A	X	A	A	A
Thanol-R-650-X	X	F	F	~	X	A	A	A
Thermanol 60	X	X	X	X	X	A	A	A
Toluene, Toluol	X	X	X	X	X	A	A	A
Transmission Oil	A	A	A	A	X	A	A	A
Tribol 1440	X	F	F	X	X	A	A	A
Trichloroethylene	X	X	X	F	X	X	A	A
Trim-Sol	F	A	A	F	X	A	A	A
Turbinol 50, 1122, 1223	X	X	X	X	A,7	A	A	A
Turpentine	X	X	X	F	X	A	A	A
Ucon Hydrolubes	F	A	A	F	A	A	A	A
UltraChem 215,230,501,751	X	X	X	F	X	A	A	A
Univis J26	A	A	A	A	X	A	A	A
Unleaded Gasoline	See numeral 9					A	A	A
Unocal 66/3 Mineral Spirits	8	8	8	8	X	A	A	A
Urea	F	F	F	A	F	F	~	F
Urethane Formulations	A	A	A	A	~	A	A	A
Van Straaten 902	A	A	A	A	X	A	A	A
Varnish	X	X	X	F	X	F	F	A
Varsol	8	F	F	8	X	A	A	A
Versilube F44, F55	~	A	A	A	~	A	A	A
Vinegar	X	X	X	F	A	F	X	A
Vital 29, 4300, 5230, 5310	X	X	X	X	X	A	A	A
Volt Esso 35	A	A	A	A	X	A	A	A
Water	F	A	A	A	A	F	A	A
Water / Glycols	A	A	A	A	A	A	F	A
Xylene, Xylol	X	X	X	X	X	A	A	A
Zerol 150	A	A	A	A	X	A	A	A
Zinc Chloride	A	A	A	X	A	X	X	F
Zinc Sulfate	A	A	A	X	A	X	A	A

Hose

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# Pressure

## Working Pressure Chart

### PARKER HOSE SIZE / RECOMMENDED MAXIMUM WORKING PRESSURES

In addition to pressure, other factors must also be considered in the selection of the proper hose, e.g. fluid compatability, temperatures, environment, etc. For additional information on a specific hose, consult the respective hose listing in this catalog.

Hose Size	Working Pressure (psi)													Standard Temp. Range °F
	-3	-4	-5	-6	-8	-10	-12	-16	-20	-24	-32	-40	-48	
601		1250		1125	1000		750	565						-40/+257
421		2750		2250	2000	1500	1250	1000						-40/+257
421FS		2750			2000		1250							-40/+257
421SN									625	500	375			-40/+257
421WC		2750		2250	2000									-40/+257
426		2750		2250	2000		1250	1000	625	500	375			-50/+302
451TC		3000		3000										-40/+212
481		3250		3000	2500		1750	1275						-40/+212
482					2500									+200
301		5000		4000	3500	2750	2250	2000						-40/+257
301LT		5000		4000										-67/+212
CMR												1000	1000	-40/+180
301MH									1625	1250	1125			-40/+257
304		5000		4000	3500		2250	2000	1625	1250	1125			-40/+176
431		5000	4250	4000	3500	2750	2250	2000						-40/+257
436				4000	3500	2750	2250	2000						-40/+302
472TC									2250	1800	1300			-40/+212
351ST		4000	4000	4000	4000	4000	4000							-40/+212
381		5800	5250	5000	4250	3625	3125	2500						-40/+212
471ST		5800		5000	4250	3625	3125	2500						-40/+212
CM2HP		6525		5500	5250									-40/+212
372				6500	6000		5000	4000						-40/+212
341				4500	4000		3000	3000	2500					-40/+212
721TC				4000	4000	4000	4000	4000	3000	2500	2500			-40/+212
772TC				4000	4000	4000	4000	4000	3000	2500	2500			-40/+257
774							4000	4000	3000	2500	2500			-40/+257
701				6500	6000	5000								-40/+257
731							6000	5500	4700	4200	3600			-40/+212
CM4TC							5000	5000	5000					-40/+257
782ST							5000	5000	5000	5000				-40/+257
P35											5000			-40/+212
CM4SHP								5800						-40/+257
791TC							6000	6000	6000	6000				-40/+257
R42									6000	6000	6000			-40/+212
761								8000	8000					-40/+257
JK		10500		10000										-40/+120

(continued)

# P

## ressure

## Working Pressure Chart

### PARKER HOSE SIZE / RECOMMENDED MAXIMUM WORKING PRESSURES

In addition to pressure, other factors must also be considered in the selection of the proper hose, e.g. fluid compatability, temperatures, environment, etc. For additional information on a specific hose, consult the respective hose listing in this catalog.

(continued from previous page)

	Hose Size	Working Pressure (psi)													Standard Temp. Range °F
		-3	-4	-5	-6	-8	-10	-12	-16	-20	-24	-32	-40	-48	
Suction & Return	811HT with HC/TB							100	70	50	50	50			-40/+257
	881HT with HC/81												62	62	-40/+257
	811HT with 43/81/DB							300	250	200	150	100			-40/+257
Push-Lok	801		250		250	250	250	250	175						-40/+212
	836		250		250	250	250								-55/+302
	821		350		300	300	250	250							-40/+212
	821FR		350		300	300		250							-40/+212
	831		350		300	300	300	300							-40/+212
	611		400	400	400	400	350	300							-40/+257
Transportation	271				225	225									-50/+212
	221FR			500	500	500	500	500							-4/+212
	213		2000	1500	1500	1250	1000	750	400						-50/+302
	266		2000	1500	1500	1250	1250	750	400						-55/+302
	201		3000	3000	2250	2000	1750	1500	800	625	500	350	350	200	-40/+302
	206		3000	3000	2250	2000	1750	1500	800	625	500	350	350		-55/+302
Refrigerant	285		500		500	500	500	500							-22/+257

Hose

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# Pressure

## Pressure Rating of Hose End Connections

### PRESSURE RATINGS HOSE ASSEMBLIES - PSI

THE MAXIMUM DYNAMIC WORKING PRESSURE OF THE HOSE ASSEMBLY IS THE LESSER OF THE RATED WORKING PRESSURE OF THE HOSE AND THE END CONNECTIONS USED.

Hose End Connection Description	Part Number Codes	Inch Size Fittings (psi)										
		-2	-4	-5	-6	-8	-10	-12	-16	-20	-24	-32
Male Pipe (NPTF)	01	12,000	12,000		10,000	10,000		7,500	6,500	5,000	3,000	2,500
Female Pipe (NPTF, NPSM)	02 & 07	7,500	7,000		6,000	5,000		4,000	3,000	2,500	2,000	2,000
Male Pipe (BSP)	91 & D9	5,000	9,000		8,000	6,250		5,000	4,000	3,500	3,000	3,000
Female Pipe (BSP)	92, B1, B2 & B4	5,000	9,000		8,000	6,250	5,500	5,000	4,000	3,500	3,000	3,000
JIS	FU, GU, MU & UT		5,000		5,000	5,000		4,000	3,000	2,500	1,500	1,500
O-Ring Swivel and 45° Flare*	13, 1L, S2, 0G, 0L, 48, 08, 77 & 79		3,000	3,000	3,000	3,000	2,750	2,250	2,000	1,625	1,250	1,125
37° Flare and Straight Thread*	03, 05, 06**, 37, 39**, 41, L7 & L9		6,000	6,000	5,000	5,000	5,000	5,000	4,000	3,000	2,500	2,500
SAE Flareless	11 & 12		6,000	6,000	5,600	5,600	4,200	4,200	3,500	3,500	3,000	3,000
SAE Inverted Flare	28, 67 & 69		2,750	2,500	2,250	2,000						
Seal-Lok®* (O-ring Face Seal)	JM, JC, JS, J0, J1, J5, J7 & J9		9,200		9,200	9,200	6,000	6,000	6,000	4,000	4,000	
SAE Flanges Code 61	15, 16, 17, 18, 19, 26, 27 & 89					5,000		5,000	5,000	4,000	4,000	3,000
SAE Flanges Code 61 Special	4A, 4F & 4N									5,000	5,000	5,000
SAE Flanges Code 62	6A, 6E, 6F, 6G, 6N, XA, XF, XG & XN							6,000	6,000	6,000	6,000	6,000

\*NOTE: 45°, 37° and Seal-Lok Torque Tables are on page E-15

\*\*NOTE: For pressure rating of 06 and 39 end configurations in 73, 78, and 79 series, see each description in Section B.

Hose End Connection Description	Part Number Codes	Metric Fittings (psi)															
		-6	-8	-10	-12	-14	-15	-16	-18	-20	-22	-25	-28	-30	-35	-38	-42
DIN Light "L" without O-Ring	C3, C4, C5 & 1D	3,500	3,500	3,500	3,500		3,500		2,250		2,250		1,400		1,400		1,400
DIN Light "L" with O-Ring	D0, CA, CE & CF	4,500	4,500	4,500	4,500		4,500		2,250		2,250		2,250		2,250		2,250
DIN Heavy "S" without O-Ring	C6, C7, C8 & 3D		9,000	9,000	9,000	9,000		5,750		5,750		5,750		3,500		3,500	
DIN Heavy "S" with O-Ring	C9, 0C, 1C & D2		9,000	9,000	9,000	9,000		6,000		6,000		6,000		6,000		4,500	
DIN 20078 Form C	C0										900		900		900		900
Banjo	49	3,000	3,000	3,000	3,000		3,000			3,000	3,000	3,000					
French Metric	F9 & FA			3,000	3,500	2,000			2,250	2,000	1,900			1,750			

Hose End Connection Description	Part Number Codes	French Gaz Fittings (psi)				
		-13	-17	-21	-27	-33
French Gaz	F4, FG, GJ & GE	5,250	3,900	3,700	3,000	2,500

\*NOTE: ALL THE ABOVE RATINGS ARE BASED ON LOW CARBON STEEL HOSE FITTINGS. HIGHER PRESSURE RATINGS CAN BE ATTAINED WITH MEDIUM CARBON AND ALLOY STEEL HOSE FITTINGS AND MATING ADAPTERS.

### PRESSURE RATING OF HOSE - PSI

THE MAXIMUM WORKING PRESSURES OF HOSE ARE LISTED ON PAGE E-30 and E-31 AND WITH EACH HOSE DESCRIPTION IN SECTION A.



# P

## ressure

## Metric Pressure Conversions

PRESSURE CONVERSIONS									
Kilo-Pascals (kPa)	Mega-Pascals (MPa)	Bar (bar)	Kilograms per Square Centimeter (Kgf/cm <sup>2</sup> )	lbs per Square Inch (psi)	lbs per Square Inch (psi)	Kilo-Pascals (kPa)	Mega-Pascals (MPa)	Bar (bar)	Kilograms per Square Centimeter (Kgf/cm <sup>2</sup> )
100	0.1	1.00	1.0	14.50	10	68.9	0.07	0.7	0.70
200	0.2	2.00	2.0	29.00	20	137.9	0.14	1.4	1.41
300	0.3	3.00	3.1	43.50	30	206.8	0.21	2.1	2.11
400	0.4	4.00	4.1	58.00	40	275.8	0.28	2.8	2.81
500	0.5	5.00	5.1	72.50	50	344.7	0.34	3.4	3.52
600	0.6	6.00	6.1	87.00	60	413.7	0.41	4.1	4.22
700	0.7	7.00	7.1	101.50	70	482.6	0.48	4.8	4.92
800	0.8	8.00	8.2	116.00	80	551.6	0.55	5.5	5.63
900	0.9	9.00	9.2	130.50	90	620.5	0.62	6.2	6.33
1000	1.0	10.00	10.2	145.00	100	689.0	0.70	6.9	7.00
2000	2.0	20.00	20.4	290.10	200	1379.0	1.40	13.8	14.10
3000	3.0	30.00	30.6	435.10	300	2068.0	2.10	20.7	21.10
4000	4.0	40.00	40.8	580.20	400	2758.0	2.80	27.6	28.10
5000	5.0	50.00	51.0	725.20	500	3447.0	3.40	34.5	35.20
6000	6.0	60.00	61.2	870.20	600	4137.0	4.10	41.4	42.20
7000	7.0	70.00	71.4	1015.30	700	4826.0	4.80	48.3	49.20
8000	8.0	80.00	81.6	1160.30	800	5516.0	5.50	55.2	56.30
9000	9.0	90.00	91.8	1305.30	900	6205.0	6.20	62.1	63.30
10000	10.0	100.00	102.0	1450.00	1000	6895.0	6.90	68.9	70.30
20000	20.0	200.00	204.0	2901.00	2000	13790.0	13.80	137.9	140.70
30000	30.0	300.00	306.0	4351.00	3000	20684.0	20.70	206.8	211.00
40000	40.0	400.00	408.0	5802.00	4000	27579.0	27.60	275.8	281.30
50000	50.0	500.00	510.0	7252.00	5000	34474.0	34.50	344.7	351.60
60000	60.0	600.00	612.0	8702.00	6000	41369.0	41.40	413.7	421.90
70000	70.0	700.00	714.0	10153.00	7000	48263.0	48.30	482.6	492.30
80000	80.0	800.00	816.0	11603.00	8000	55158.0	55.20	551.6	562.60
90000	90.0	900.00	918.0	13053.00	9000	62053.0	62.10	620.5	632.90
100000	100.0	1000.00	1020.0	14504.00	10000	68948.0	68.90	689.0	703.00
200000	100.0	2000.00	2040.0	29008.00	20000	137895.0	137.90	1379.0	1406.00
300000	300.0	3000.00	3060.0	43511.00	30000	206843.0	206.80	2068.0	2110.00
					40000	275790.0	275.80	2758.0	2813.00

Hose

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Hose

A

## Male Pipe Thread Sizes



Fittings

B



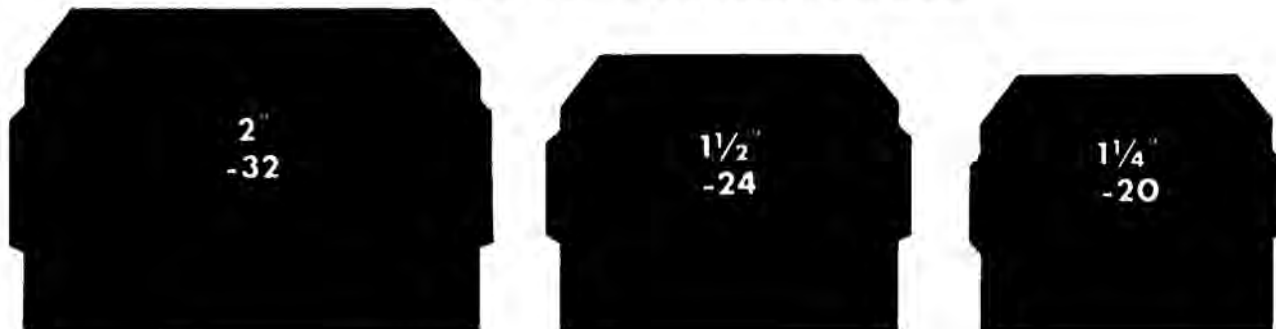
## SAE (JIC) 37° Flare Nose Cone Sizes



Equipment

C

## SAE (JIC) 37° Flare Nose Cone Sizes



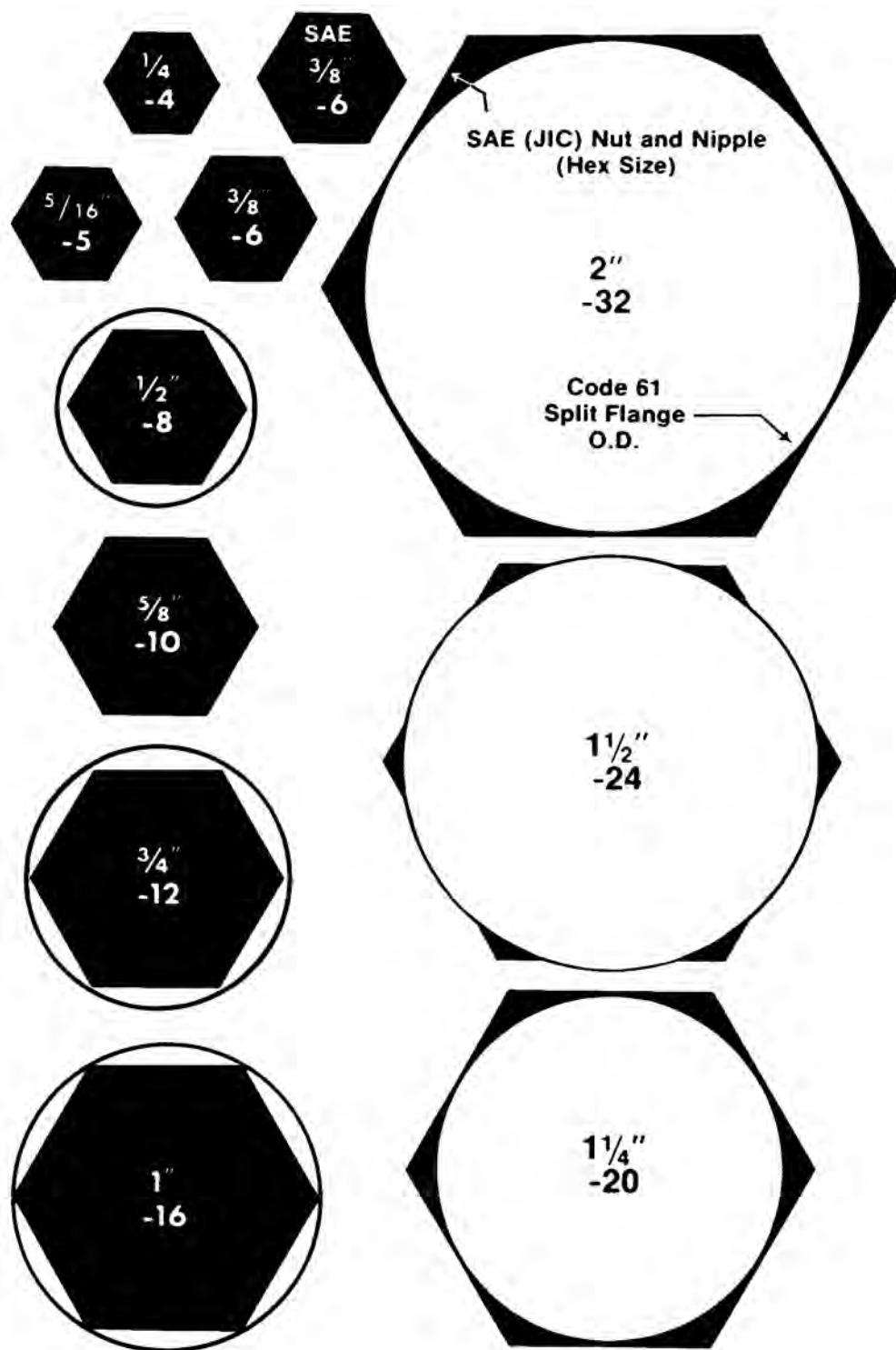
Accessories

D

37° and 45° Flare  
Nose AnglesSAE 45° Flare  
Nose Cone Sizes

Technical

E

Hose  
**A**Fittings  
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## Safety Guide

### Parker Safety Guide for Selecting and Using Hose, Tubing, Fittings and Related Accessories

Parker Publication No. 4400-B.1

Revised: May, 2002

**WARNING:** Failure or improper selection or improper use of hose, tubing, fittings, assemblies or related accessories ("Products") can cause death, personal injury and property damage. Possible consequences of failure or improper selection or improper use of these Products include but are not limited to:

- Fittings thrown off at high speed.
- High velocity fluid discharge.
- Explosion or burning of the conveyed fluid.
- Electrocution from high voltage electric powerlines.
- Contact with suddenly moving or falling objects that are controlled by the

conveyed fluid.

- Injections by high-pressure fluid discharge.
- Dangerously whipping Hose.
- Contact with conveyed fluids that may be hot, cold, toxic or otherwise injurious.
- Sparking or explosion caused by static electricity buildup or other sources of electricity.
- Sparking or explosion while spraying paint or flammable liquids.
- Injuries resulting from inhalation, ingestion or exposure to fluids.

Before selecting or using any of these Products, it is important that you read and follow the instructions below. Only Hose from Parker's Stratoflex Products Division is approved for in flight aerospace applications, and no other Hose can be used for such in flight applications.

#### 1.0 GENERAL INSTRUCTIONS

1.1 Scope: This safety guide provides instructions for selecting and using (including assembling, installing, and maintaining) these Products. For convenience, all rubber and/or thermoplastic products commonly called "hose" or "tubing" are called "Hose" in this safety guide. All assemblies made with Hose are called "Hose Assemblies". All products commonly called "fittings" or "couplings" are called "Fittings". All related accessories (including crimping and swaging machines and tooling) are called "Related Accessories". This safety guide is a supplement to and is to be used with, the specific Parker publications for the specific Hose, Fittings and Related Accessories that are being considered for use.

1.2 Fail-Safe: Hose, and Hose Assemblies and Fittings can and do fail without warning for many reasons. Design all systems and equipment in a fail-safe mode, so that failure of the Hose or Hose Assembly or Fitting will not endanger persons or property.

1.3 Distribution: Provide a copy of this safety guide to each person that is responsible for selecting or using Hose and Fitting products. Do not select or use Parker Hose or Fittings without thoroughly reading and understanding this safety guide as well as the specific Parker publications for the products considered or selected.

1.4 User Responsibility: Due to the wide variety of operating conditions and applications for Hose and Fittings, Parker and its distributors do not represent or warrant that any particular Hose or Fitting is suitable for any specific end use system. This safety guide does not analyze all technical parameters that must be considered in selecting a product. The user, through its own analysis and testing, is solely responsible for:

- Making the final selection of the Hose and Fitting.
- Assuring that the user's requirements are met and that the application presents no health or safety hazards.
- Providing all appropriate health and safety warnings on the equipment on which the Hose and Fittings are used.
- Assuring compliance with all applicable government and industry standards.

1.5 Additional Questions: Call the appropriate Parker technical service department if you have any questions or require any additional information. See the Parker publication for the product being considered or used, or call 1-800-CPARKER, or go to [www.parker.com](http://www.parker.com), for telephone numbers of the appropriate technical service department.

#### 2.0 HOSE AND FITTING SELECTION INSTRUCTIONS

2.1 Electrical Conductivity: Certain applications require that the Hose be nonconductive to prevent electrical current flow. Other applications require the Hose and the Fitting and the Hose/Fitting interface to be sufficiently conductive to drain off static electricity. Extreme care must be exercised when selecting Hose and Fittings for these or any other applications in which electrical conductivity or nonconductivity is a factor.

The electrical conductivity or nonconductivity of Hose and Fittings is dependent upon many factors and may be susceptible to change. These factors include but are not limited to the various materials used to make the Hose and the Fittings, Fitting finish (some Fitting finishes are electrically conductive while others are non-conductive), manufacturing methods (including moisture control), how the Fittings contact the Hose, age and amount of deterioration or damage or other changes, moisture content of the Hose at any particular time, and other factors.

The following are considerations for electrically nonconductive and conductive Hose. For other applications consult the individual catalog pages and the ap-

propriate industry or regulatory standards for proper selection.

2.1.1 Electrically Nonconductive Hose: Certain applications require that the Hose be nonconductive to prevent electrical current flow or to maintain electrical isolation. For these applications that require Hose to be electrically nonconductive, including but not limited to applications near high voltage electric lines, only special nonconductive Hose can be used. The manufacturer of the equipment in which the nonconductive Hose is to be used must be consulted to be certain that the Hose and Fittings that are selected are proper for the application. Do not use any Parker Hose or Fitting for any such application requiring nonconductive Hose, including but not limited to applications near high voltage electric lines, unless (i) the application is expressly approved in the Parker technical publication for the product, (ii) the Hose is marked "nonconductive", and (iii) the manufacturer of the equipment on which the Hose is to be used specifically approves the particular Parker Hose and Fitting for such use.

2.1.2 Electrically Conductive Hose: Parker manufacturers special Hose for certain applications that require electrically conductive Hose.

Parker manufactures special Hose for conveying paint in airless paint spraying applications. This Hose is labeled "Electrically Conductive Airless Paint Spray Hose" on its layline and packaging. This Hose must be properly connected to the appropriate Parker Fittings and properly grounded in order to dissipate dangerous static charge buildup, which occurs in all airless paint spraying applications. Do not use any other Hose for airless paint spraying, even if electrically conductive. Use of any other Hose or failure to properly connect the Hose can cause a fire or an explosion resulting in death, personal injury, and property damage.

Parker manufactures a special Hose for certain compressed natural gas ("CNG") applications where static electricity buildup may occur. Parker CNG Hose assemblies comply with AGA Requirements 1-93, "Hoses for Natural Gas Vehicles and Fuel Dispensers". This Hose is labeled "Electrically Conductive for CNG Use" on its layline and packaging. This Hose must be properly connected to the appropriate Parker Fittings and properly grounded in order to dissipate dangerous static charge buildup, which occurs in, for example, high velocity CNG dispensing or transfer. Do not use any other Hose for CNG applications where static charge buildup may occur, even if electrically conductive. Use of other Hoses in CNG applications or failure to properly connect or ground this Hose can cause a fire or an explosion resulting in death, personal injury, and property damage. Care must also be taken to protect against CNG permeation through the Hose wall. See section 2.6, Permeation, for more information. Parker CNG Hose is intended for dispenser and vehicle use at a maximum temperature of 180°F. Parker CNG Hose should not be used in confined spaces or unventilated areas or areas exceeding 180°F. Final assemblies must be tested for leaks. CNG Hose Assemblies should be tested on a monthly basis for conductivity per AGA 1-93.

Parker manufactures special Hose for aerospace in flight applications. Aerospace in flight applications employing Hose to transmit fuel, lubricating fluids and hydraulic fluids require a special Hose with a conductive inner tube. This Hose for in flight applications is available only from Parker's Stratoflex Products Division. Do not use any other Parker Hose for in flight applications, even if electrically conductive. Use of other Hoses for in flight applications or failure to properly connect or ground this Hose can cause a fire or an explosion resulting in death, personal injury, and property damage. These Hose assemblies for in flight applications must meet all applicable aerospace industry, aircraft engine, and aircraft requirements.

2.2 Pressure: Hose selection must be made so that the published maximum recommended working pressure of the Hose is equal to or greater than the maximum system pressure. Surge pressures or peak transient pressures in the system must be below the

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published maximum working pressure for the Hose. Surge pressures and peak pressures can usually only be determined by sensitive electrical instrumentation that measures and indicates pressures at millisecond intervals. Mechanical pressure gauges indicate only average pressures and cannot be used to determine surge pressures or peak transient pressures. Published burst pressure ratings for Hose is for manufacturing test purposes only and is no indication that the Product can be used in applications at the burst pressure or otherwise above the published maximum recommended working pressure.

**2.3 Suction:** Hoses used for suction applications must be selected to insure that the Hose will withstand the vacuum and pressure of the system. Improperly selected Hose may collapse in suction application.

**2.4 Temperature:** Be certain that fluid and ambient temperatures, both steady and transient, do not exceed the limitations of the Hose. Temperatures below and above the recommended limit can degrade Hose to a point where a failure may occur and release fluid. Properly insulate and protect the Hose Assembly when routing near hot objects (e.g. manifolds). Do not use any Hose in any application where failure of the Hose could result in the conveyed fluids (or vapors or mist from the conveyed fluids) contacting any open flame, molten metal, or other potential fire ignition source that could cause burning or explosion of the conveyed fluids or vapors.

**2.5 Fluid Compatibility:** Hose Assembly selection must assure compatibility of the Hose tube, cover, reinforcement, and Fittings with the fluid media used. See the fluid compatibility chart in the Parker publication for the product being considered or used. This information is offered only as a guide. Actual service life can only be determined by the end user by testing under all extreme conditions and other analysis.

Hose that is chemically compatible with a particular fluid must be assembled using Fittings and adapters containing likewise compatible seals.

**2.6 Permeation:** Permeation (that is, seepage through the Hose) will occur from inside the Hose to outside when Hose is used with gases, liquid and gas fuels, and refrigerants (including but not limited to such materials as helium, diesel fuel, gasoline, natural gas, or LPG). This permeation may result in high concentrations of vapors which are potentially flammable, explosive, or toxic, and in loss of fluid. Dangerous explosions, fires, and other hazards can result when using the wrong Hose for such applications. The system designer must take into account the fact that this permeation will take place and must not use Hose if this permeation could be hazardous. The system designer must take into account all legal, government, insurance, or any other special regulations which govern the use of fuels and refrigerants. Never use a Hose even though the fluid compatibility is acceptable without considering the potential hazardous effects that can result from permeation through the Hose Assembly.

Permeation of moisture from outside the Hose to inside the Hose will also occur in Hose assemblies, regardless of internal pressure. If this moisture permeation would have detrimental effects (particularly, but not limited to refrigeration and air conditioning systems), incorporation of sufficient drying capacity in the system or other appropriate system safeguards should be selected and used.

**2.7 Size:** Transmission of power by means of pressurized fluid varies with pressure and rate of flow. The size of the components must be adequate to keep pressure losses to a minimum and avoid damage due to heat generation or excessive fluid velocity.

**2.8 Routing:** Attention must be given to optimum routing to minimize inherent problems (kinking or flow restriction due to Hose collapse, twisting of the Hose, proximity to hot objects or heat sources).

**2.9 Environment:** Care must be taken to insure that the Hose and Fittings are either compatible with or protected from the environment (that is, surrounding conditions) to which they are exposed. Environmental conditions including but not limited to ultraviolet radiation, sunlight, heat, ozone, moisture, water, salt water, chemicals, and air pollutants can cause degradation and premature failure.

**2.10 Mechanical Loads:** External forces can significantly reduce Hose life or cause failure. Mechanical loads which must be considered include excessive flexing, twist, kinking, tensile or side loads, bend radius, and vibration. Use of swivel type Fittings or adapters may be required to insure no twist is put into the Hose. Unusual applications may require special testing prior to Hose selection.

**2.11 Physical Damage:** Care must be taken to protect Hose from wear, snagging, kinking, bending smaller than minimum bend radius, and cutting, any of which can cause premature Hose failure. Any Hose that has been kinked or bent to a radius smaller than the minimum bend radius, and any Hose that has been cut or is cracked or is otherwise damaged, should be removed and discarded.

**2.12 Proper End Fitting:** See instructions 3.2 through 3.5. These recommendations may be substantiated by testing to industry standards such as SAE

J517 for hydraulic applications, or MIL-A-5070, AS1339, or AS3517 for Hoses from Parker's Stratoflex Products Division for aerospace applications.

**2.13 Length:** When establishing a proper Hose length, motion absorption, Hose length changes due to pressure, and Hose and machine tolerances and movement must be considered.

**2.14 Specifications and Standards:** When selecting Hose and Fittings, government, industry, and Parker specifications and recommendations must be reviewed and followed as applicable.

**2.15 Hose Cleanliness:** Hose components may vary in cleanliness levels. Care must be taken to insure that the Hose Assembly selected has an adequate level of cleanliness for the application.

**2.16 Fire Resistant Fluids:** Some fire resistant fluids that are to be conveyed by Hose require use of the same type of Hose as used with petroleum base fluids. Some such fluids require a special Hose, while a few fluids will not work with any Hose at all. See instructions 2.5 and 1.5. The wrong Hose may fail after a very short service. In addition, all liquids but pure water may burn fiercely under certain conditions, and even pure water leakage may be hazardous.

**2.17 Radiant Heat:** Hose can be heated to destruction without contact by such nearby items as hot manifolds or molten metal. The same heat source may then initiate a fire. This can occur despite the presence of cool air around the Hose.

**2.18 Welding or Brazing:** When using a torch or arc-welder in close proximity to hydraulic lines, the hydraulic lines should be removed or shielded with appropriate fire resistant materials. Flame or weld spatter could burn through the Hose and possibly ignite escaping fluid resulting in a catastrophic failure. Heating of plated parts, including Hose Fittings and adapters, above 450°F (232°C) such as during welding, brazing, or soldering may emit deadly gases.

**2.19 Atomic Radiation:** Atomic radiation affects all materials used in Hose assemblies. Since the long-term effects may be unknown, do not expose Hose assemblies to atomic radiation.

**2.20 Aerospace Applications:** The only Hose and Fittings that may be used for in flight aerospace applications are those available from Parker's Stratoflex Products Division. Do not use any other Hose or Fittings for in flight applications. Do not use any Hose or Fittings from Parker's Stratoflex Products Division with any other Hose or Fittings, unless expressly approved in writing by the engineering manager or chief engineer of Stratoflex Products Division and verified by the user's own testing and inspection to aerospace industry standards.

**2.21 Unlocking Couplings:** Ball locking couplings or other couplings with disconnect sleeves can unintentionally disconnect if they are dragged over obstructions or if the sleeve is bumped or moved enough to cause disconnect. Threaded couplings should be considered where there is a potential for accidental uncoupling.

### 3.0 HOSE AND FITTING ASSEMBLY AND INSTALLATION INSTRUCTIONS

**3.1 Component Inspection:** Prior to assembly, a careful examination of the Hose and Fittings must be performed. All components must be checked for correct style, size, catalog number, and length. The Hose must be examined for cleanliness, obstructions, blisters, cover looseness, kinks, cracks, cuts or any other visible defects. Inspect the Fitting and sealing surfaces for burrs, nicks, corrosion or other imperfections. Do NOT use any component that displays any signs of nonconformance.

**3.2 Hose and Fitting Assembly:** Do not assemble a Parker Fitting on a Parker Hose that is not specifically listed by Parker for that Fitting, unless authorized in writing by the engineering manager or chief engineer of the appropriate Parker division. Do not assemble a Parker Fitting on another manufacturers Hose or a Parker Hose on another manufacturers Fitting unless (i) the engineering manager or chief engineer of the appropriate Parker division approves the Assembly in writing or that combination is expressly approved in the appropriate Parker literature for the specific Parker product, and (ii) the user verifies the Assembly and the application through analysis and testing. For Parker Hose that does not specify a Parker Fitting, the user is solely responsible for the selection of the proper Fitting and Hose Assembly procedures. See instruction 1.4.

The Parker published instructions must be followed for assembling the Fittings on the Hose. These instructions are provided in the Parker Fitting catalog for the specific Parker Fitting being used, or by calling 1-800-CPARKER, or at www.parker.com.

**3.3 Related Accessories:** Do not crimp or swage any Parker Hose or Fitting with anything but the listed swage or crimp machine and dies in accordance

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Hose

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with Parker published instructions. Do not crimp or swage another manufacturer's Fitting with a Parker crimp or swage die unless authorized in writing by the engineering manager or chief engineer of the appropriate Parker division.

3.4 Parts: Do not use any Parker Fitting part (including but not limited to socket, shell, nipple, or insert) except with the correct Parker mating parts, in accordance with Parker published instructions, unless authorized in writing by the engineering manager or chief engineer of the appropriate Parker division.

3.5 Reusable/Permanent: Do not reuse any field attachable (reusable) Hose Fitting that has blown or pulled off a Hose. Do not reuse a Parker permanent Hose Fitting (crimped or swaged) or any part thereof. Complete Hose Assemblies may only be reused after proper inspection under section 4.0. Do not assemble Fittings to any previously used hydraulic Hose that was in service, for use in a fluid power application.

3.6 Pre-Installation Inspection: Prior to installation, a careful examination of the Hose Assembly must be performed. Inspect the Hose Assembly for any damage or defects. Do NOT use any Hose Assembly that displays any signs of nonconformance.

3.7 Minimum Bend Radius: Installation of a Hose at less than the minimum listed bend radius may significantly reduce the Hose life. Particular attention must be given to preclude sharp bending at the Hose to Fitting juncture. Any bending during installation at less than the minimum bend radius must be avoided. If any Hose is kinked during installation, the Hose must be discarded.

3.8 Twist Angle and Orientation: Hose Assembly installation must be such that relative motion of machine components does not produce twisting.

3.9 Securement: In many applications, it may be necessary to restrain, protect, or guide the Hose to protect it from damage by unnecessary flexing, pressure surges, and contact with other mechanical components. Care must be taken to insure such restraints do not introduce additional stress or wear points.

3.10 Proper Connection of Ports: Proper physical installation of the Hose Assembly requires a correctly installed port connection insuring that no twist or torque is transferred to the Hose when the Fittings are being tightened or otherwise during use.

3.11 External Damage: Proper installation is not complete without insuring that tensile loads, side loads, kinking, flattening, potential abrasion, thread damage, or damage to sealing surfaces are corrected or eliminated. See instruction 2.10.

3.12 System Checkout: All air entrapment must be eliminated and the system pressurized to the maximum system pressure (at or below the Hose maximum working pressure) and checked for proper function and freedom from leaks. Personnel must stay out of potential hazardous areas while testing and using.

3.13 Routing: The Hose Assembly should be routed in such a manner so if a failure does occur, the escaping media will not cause personal injury or property damage. In addition, if fluid media comes in contact with hot surfaces, open flame, or sparks, a fire or explosion may occur. See section 2.4.

## 4.0 HOSE AND FITTING MAINTENANCE AND REPLACEMENT INSTRUCTIONS

4.1 Even with proper selection and installation, Hose life may be significantly reduced without a continuing maintenance program. The severity of the application, risk potential from a possible Hose failure, and experience with any Hose failures in the application or in similar applications should determine the frequency of the inspection and the replacement for the Products so that Products are replaced before any failure occurs. A maintenance program must be established and followed by the user and, at minimum, must include instructions 4.2 through 4.7.

4.2 Visual Inspection Hose/Fitting: Any of the following conditions require immediate shut down and replacement of the Hose Assembly:

- Fitting slippage on Hose,
- Damaged, cracked, cut or abraded cover (any reinforcement exposed);
- Hard, stiff, heat cracked, or charred Hose;
- Cracked, damaged, or badly corroded Fittings;

- Leaks at Fitting or in Hose;
- Kinked, crushed, flattened or twisted Hose; and
- Blistered, soft, degraded, or loose cover.

4.3 Visual Inspection All Other: The following items must be tightened, repaired, corrected or replaced as required:

- Leaking port conditions;
- Excess dirt buildup;
- Worn clamps, guards or shields; and
- System fluid level, fluid type, and any air entrapment.

4.4 Functional Test: Operate the system at maximum operating pressure and check for possible malfunctions and leaks. Personnel must avoid potential hazardous areas while testing and using the system. See section 2.2.

4.5 Replacement Intervals: Hose assemblies and elastomeric seals used on Hose Fittings and adapters will eventually age, harden, wear and deteriorate under thermal cycling and compression set. Hose Assemblies and elastomeric seals should be inspected and replaced at specific replacement intervals, based on previous service life, government or industry recommendations, or when failures could result in unacceptable downtime, damage, or injury risk. See section 1.2.

4.6 Hose Inspection and Failure: Hydraulic power is accomplished by utilizing high-pressure fluids to transfer energy and do work. Hoses, Fittings, and Hose Assemblies all contribute to this by transmitting fluids at high pressures. Fluids under pressure can be dangerous and potentially lethal and, therefore, extreme caution must be exercised when working with fluids under pressure and handling the Hoses transporting the fluids. From time to time, Hose Assemblies will fail if they are not replaced at proper time intervals. Usually these failures are the result of some form of misapplication, abuse, wear, or failure to perform proper maintenance. When Hoses fail, generally the high-pressure fluids inside escape in a stream which may or may not be visible to the user. Under no circumstances should the user attempt to locate the leak by "feeling" with their hands or any other part of their body. High-pressure fluids can and will penetrate the skin and cause severe tissue damage and possibly loss of limb. Even seemingly minor hydraulic fluid injection injuries must be treated immediately by a physician with knowledge of the tissue damaging properties of hydraulic fluid.

If a Hose failure occurs, immediately shut down the equipment and leave the area until pressure has been completely released from the Hose Assembly. Simply shutting down the hydraulic pump may or may not eliminate the pressure in the Hose Assembly. Many times check valves, etc., are employed in a system and can cause pressure to remain in a Hose Assembly even when pumps or equipment are not operating. Tiny holes in the Hose, commonly known as pinholes, can eject small, dangerously powerful but hard to see streams of hydraulic fluid. It may take several minutes or even hours for the pressure to be relieved so that the Hose Assembly may be examined safely.

Once the pressure has been reduced to zero, the Hose Assembly may be taken off the equipment and examined. It must always be replaced if a failure has occurred. Never attempt to patch or repair a Hose Assembly that has failed. Consult the nearest Parker distributor or the appropriate Parker division for Hose Assembly replacement information.

Never touch or examine a failed Hose Assembly unless it is obvious that the Hose no longer contains fluid under pressure. The high-pressure fluid is extremely dangerous and can cause serious and potentially fatal injury.

4.7 Elastomeric seals: Elastomeric seals will eventually age, harden, wear and deteriorate under thermal cycling and compression set. Elastomeric seals should be inspected and replaced.

4.8 Refrigerant gases: Special care should be taken when working with refrigeration systems. Sudden escape of refrigerant gases can cause blindness if the escaping gases contact the eye and can cause freezing or other severe injuries if it contacts any other portion of the body.

4.9 Compressed natural gas (CNG): Parker CNG Hose Assemblies should be tested after installation and before use, and at least on a monthly basis per AGA 1-93 Section 4.2 "Visual Inspection Hose/Fitting". The recommended procedure is to pressurize the Hose and check for leaks and to visually inspect the Hose for damage.

Caution: Matches, candles, open flame or other sources of ignition shall not be used for Hose inspection. Leak check solutions should be rinsed off after use.

Fittings

B

Equipment

C

Accessories

D

Technical

E

## MSDS'S (Available upon request.)

Please contact the Parker Hannifin Australia - Technical Services Department: (PH) 02 9842 5822 (FAX) 02 9842 5826

## Offer of Sale

**The items described in this document and other documents or descriptions provided by Parker Hannifin Corporation, as subsidiaries and its authorized distributors are hereby offered for sale at prices to be established by Parker Hannifin Corporation, its subsidiaries and its authorized distributors. This offer and its acceptance by any customer ("Buyer") shall be governed by all of the following Terms and Conditions. Buyer's order for any such item, when communicated to Parker Hannifin Corporation, its subsidiary or an authorized distributor ("Seller") verbally or in writing, shall constitute acceptance of this offer.**

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- Delivery:** Unless otherwise provided on the face hereof, delivery shall be made F.O.B. Seller's plant. Regardless of the method of delivery, however, risk of loss shall pass to Buyer upon Seller's delivery to a carrier. Any delivery dates shown are approximate only and Seller shall have no liability for any delays in delivery.
- Warranty:** Seller warrants that the items sold thereunder shall be free from defects in material or workmanship for a period of 365 days from the date of shipment to Buyer, or 2,000 hours of use, whichever expires first. THIS WARRANTY COMPRISES THE SOLE AND ENTIRE WARRANTY PERTAINING TO ITEMS PROVIDED HEREUNDER. SELLER MAKES NO OTHER WARRANTY, GAURANTEE, OR REPRESENTATION OF ANY KIND WHATSOEVER. ALL OTHER WARRANTIES, INCLUDING BUT NOT LIMITED TO, MERCHANTABILITY AND FITNESS FOR PURPOSE, WHETHER EXPRESS, IMPLIED, OR ARISING BY OPERATION OF LAW, TRADE USAGE, OR COURSE OF DEALING ARE HEREBY DISCLAIMED. NOTWITHSTANDING THE FOREGOING, THERE ARE NO WARRANTIES WHATSOEVER ON ITEMS BUILT OR ACQUIRED WHOLELY OR PARTIALLY, TO BUYER'S DESIGNS OR SPECIFICATIONS.
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- Changes, Reschedules and Cancellations:** Buyer may request to modify the designs or specifications for the items sold herunder as well as the quantities and delivery dates thereof, or may request to cancel all or part of this order, however, no such requested modification or cancellation shall become part of the contract between Buyer and Seller unless accepted by Seller in a written amendment to this Agreement. Acceptance of any such requested modification or cancellation shall be at Seller's discretion, and shall be upon such terms and conditions as Seller may require.
- Special Tooling:** A tooling charge may be imposed for any special tooling, including without limitation, dies, fixtures, molds and patterns, acquired to manufacture items sold pursuant to this contract. Such special tooling shall be and remain Seller's property notwithstanding payment of any charges by Buyer. In no event will Buyer acquire any interest in apparatus belonging to Seller which is utilized in the manufacture of the items sold hereunder, even if such apparatus has been specially converted or adapted for such manufacture and notwithstanding any charges paid by Buyer. Unless otherwise agreed, Seller shall have the right to alter, discard or otherwise dispose of any special tooling or other property in its sole discretion at any time.
- Buyer's Property:** Any designs, tools, patterns, materials, drawings, confidential information or equipment furnished by Buyer or any other items which become Buyer's property, may be considered obsolete and may be destroyed by Seller after two (2) consecutive years have elapsed without Buyer placing an order for the items which are manufactured using such property. Seller shall not be responsible for any loss or damage to such property while it is in Seller's possession or control.
- Taxes:** Unless otherwise indicated on the face hereof, all prices and charges are exclusive of excise, sales, use, property, occupational or like taxes which may be imposed by any taxing authority upon the manufacture, sale or delivery of the items sold hereunder. If any such taxes must be paid by Seller of if Seller is liable for the collection of such tax, the amount thereof shall be in addition to the amounts for the items sold. Buyer agrees to pay all such taxes or to reimburse Seller therefore upon receipt of its invoice. If Buyer claims exemption from any sales, use or other tax imposed by any taxing authority, Buyer shall save Seller harmless from and against any such tax, together with any interest or penalties thereon which may be assessed if the items are held to be taxable.
- Indemnity For Infringement of Intellectual Property Rights:** Seller shall have no liability for infringement of any patents, trademarks, copyrights, trade dress, trade secrets or similar rights except as provided in this Part 10. Seller will defend and indemnify Buyer against allegations of infringement of U.S. patents, U.S. trademarks, copyrights, trade dress and trade secrets (hereinafter "Intellectual Property Rights"). Seller will defend at its expense and will pay the cost of any settlement or damages awarded in an action brought against Buyer based on an allegation that an item sold pursuant to this contract infringes in the Intellectual Property Rights of a third party. Seller's obligation to defend and indemnify Buyer is contingent on Buyer notifying Seller within ten (10) days after Buyer becomes aware of such allegations of infringement, and Seller having sole control over the defense of any allegations or actions including all negotiations for settlement or compromise. If an item sold hereunder is subject to a claim that it infringes the Intellectual Property Rights of a third party, Seller may, at its sole expense and options, procure for Buyer the right to continue using said item, replace or modify said item so as to make it noninfringing, or offer to accept return of said item and return the purchase price less a reasonable allowance for depreciation. Notwithstanding the foregoing, Seller shall have no liability for claims of infringement based on information provided by Buyer, or directed to items delivered hereunder for which the designs are specified in whole or part by Buyer, or infringements resulting from the modification, combination or use in a system of any item sold hereunder. The foregoing provisions of this Part 10 shall constitute Seller's sole and exclusive liability and Buyer's sole and exclusive remedy for infringement of Intellectual Property Rights. If a claim is based on information provided by Buyer or if the design for an item delivered hereunder is specified in whole or in part by Buyer, Buyer shall defend and indemnify Seller for all costs, expenses or judgments resulting from any claim that such item infringes any patent, trademark, copyright, trade dress, trade secret or any similar right.
- Force Majeure:** Seller does not assume the risk of and shall not be liable for delay or failure to perform any of Seller's obligations by reason of circumstances beyond the reasonable control of Seller (hereinafter "Events of Force Majeure"). Events of Force Majeure shall include without limitation, accidents, acts of God, strikes or labor disputes, acts, laws, rules or regulations of any government or government agency, fires, floods, delays or failures in delivery of carriers or suppliers, shortages of materials and any other cause beyond Seller's control.
- Entire Agreement/Governing Law:** The terms and conditions set forth herein, together with any amendments, modifications and any different terms or conditions expressly accepted by Seller in writing, shall constitute the entire Agreement concerning the items sold, and there are no oral or other representations or agreements which pertain thereto. This Agreement shall be governed in all respects by the law of the State of Ohio. No actions arising out of the sale of the items sold hereunder or this Agreement may be brought by either party more than two (2) years after the cause of action accrues.

Hose  
AFittings  
BEquipment  
CAccessories  
DTechnical  
E

Hose <b>A</b>
Fittings <b>B</b>
Equipment <b>C</b>
Accessories <b>D</b>
Technical <b>E</b>



Hose  
**A**

Fittings  
**B**

Equipment  
**C**

Accessories  
**D**

**E** Technical

Hose <b>A</b>
Fittings <b>B</b>
Equipment <b>C</b>
Accessories <b>D</b>
Technical <b>E</b>

## Aerospace

### Key Markets

- Commercial transports
- Military aircraft
- Regional transports
- Aircraft engines
- Business and general aviation

### Key Products

- Flight control systems and components
- Hydraulic systems and components
- Fuel systems and components
- Pneumatic systems and components
- Inert oxygen generating systems
- Fluid metering, delivery and atomization devices
- Wheels and brakes
- Couplings, fittings, hoses and tubes



## Automation

### Key Markets

- Factory automation
- Transportation and automotive
- Life sciences and medical
- Machine tools
- Semiconductor and electronics

### Key Products

- Pneumatic motion and control
- Air preparation
- Vacuum controls and sensors
- Electromechanical stepper and servo motors, drives, and controls
- Human machine interface
- Electric actuators, gantry robots, slides and linear motors
- Structural extrusion



## Climate & Industrial Controls

### Key Markets

- Refrigeration and air conditioning
- Transportation/mobile
- Process
- Industrial machinery
- Medical/life sciences
- Fuel cells
- Precision cooling

### Key Products

- Pressure regulators
- Check, ball and service valves
- Value-added systems
- Thermostatic and expansion valves
- Electronic controllers
- Contaminant controls
- Heating/air conditioning hose
- Gerotors



## Filtration

### Key Markets

- Industrial machinery
- Process
- Mobile
- Marine
- Oil & gas
- Power generation and energy
- Transportation
- Food and beverage

### Key Products

- Hydraulic, lubrication and coolant filters
- Process, chemical, water and microfiltration filters
- Compressed air and gas purification filters
- Condition monitoring
- Analytical gas generators
- Nitrogen, hydrogen and zero air generators
- Engine air, fuel, oil filtration and systems



## Fluid Connectors

### Key Markets

- Construction machinery
- Agriculture
- Transportation
- Mobile
- Industrial machinery
- Oil & gas

### Key Products

- Rubber and thermoplastic hose
- Industrial hose
- Tube fittings and adaptors
- Tubing and plastic fittings
- Brass fittings and valves
- Hose couplings
- Quick disconnects



## Hydraulics

### Key Markets

- Construction machinery
- Agriculture
- Industrial machinery
- Oil & gas
- Truck hydraulics
- Power generation and energy

### Key Products

- Hydraulic cylinders and accumulators
- Hydraulic valves and controls
- Hydraulic motors and pumps
- Power take-offs
- Hydraulic systems



## Instrumentation

### Key Markets

- Power generation
- Oil & gas
- Petrochemical
- Microelectronics
- Biopharmaceutical

### Key Products

- Medium/high pressure fittings and valves
- Instrumentation fittings, valves, manifolds and regulators
- High purity fittings, valves and regulators
- Fluoropolymer fittings, valves, pumps and regulators
- Analytical systems



## Seal

### Key Markets

- Transportation
- Energy, oil & gas
- Semiconductor
- Aerospace
- Fluid power
- Life sciences
- Telecommunications

### Key Products

- Elastomeric O-rings
- Homogeneous and inserted elastomeric shapes and diaphragms
- Metal and plastic retained composite seals
- Polymeric and plastic dynamic seals
- Rubber and plastic boots/bellows
- Extruded and precision-cut/fabricated elastomeric seals
- Thermoplastic engineered seals





### Table of Contents

For quick, easy listing of topics covered by section, reference the Table of Contents on page 1.

### Information by Part Number

If you know the Parker part number, see the Part Number Index in Section E. There you will find the page number where the specific part number appears.

### Information by Type of Part

Reference the Table of Contents on page 1, or check the visual index found on the first page of each section of the catalog.

### Information by Fitting End Configuration

Our Fitting End Configuration List is in Section E. The list identifies the cataloged fittings by a description of the end configuration, fitting end codes, and available fitting series.

### The Parker Part Numbering System

The part numbering system for hose and fittings is explained on page 7. The part numbering system for hose assemblies can be found on pages A-5 and A-6.

### International Symbols

Wondering about the symbols we use? An explanation of the symbols and their meaning can be found to the right.

If you have questions about the products contained in this catalog, or their applications, please contact:

**Parker Hannifin Australia**  
**Phone: (02) 9842 5110 · Fax: (02) 9842 5111**  
**[www.parkerhose.com](http://www.parkerhose.com)**

Extra care is taken in the preparation of this literature, but Parker is not responsible for any inadvertent typographical errors or omissions. Information is subject to change without notice. The information in this catalog is only accurate as of the date of publication. For a more current information base, please consult the Parker Hose Products Division web site at [www.parkerhose.com](http://www.parkerhose.com).

### Offer of Sale

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#### SYMBOL

#### MEANING



Part Number



Hose Inner Diameter (I.D.)



Hose Outer Diameter (O.D.)



Working Pressure



Minimum Bend Radius



Weight



Vacuum Rating



Parkrimp Fitting



Field Attachable Fitting



Thread Size



Hex Size



Flange End



Diameter



## Warning:



**Parker Safety Guide for Selecting and Using Hose, Tubing, Fittings and Related Accessories**

Parker Publication No. 4400-B.1 Revised: May, 2002

**Failure or improper selection or improper use of hose, tubing, fittings, assemblies or related accessories ("Products") can cause death, personal injury and property damage. Possible consequences of failure or improper selection or improper use of these Products include but are not limited to:**

- Fittings thrown off at high speed.
- High velocity fluid discharge.
- Explosion or burning of the conveyed fluid.
- Electrocution from high voltage electric powerlines.
- Contact with suddenly moving or falling objects that are controlled by the conveyed fluid.
- Injections by high-pressure fluid discharge.
- Dangerously whipping Hose.
- Contact with conveyed fluids that may be hot, cold, toxic or otherwise injurious.
- Sparking or explosion caused by static electricity buildup or other sources of electricity.
- Sparking or explosion while spraying paint or flammable liquids.

Before selecting or using any of these Products, it is important that you read and follow the instructions below. Only Hose from Parker's Stratoflex Products Division is approved for in flight aerospace applications, and no other Hose can be used for such in flight applications.